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The

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PEKING TRAMWAYS PARALYSED.

ORGY OF DESTRUCTION BY RICKSHAMEN.

AMAZING RIOT SCENES IN THE FORMER CAPITAL.

SYSTEMATIC WRECKING.

Ricksha coolies completely wrecked the entire tramway system of Peking last night, running wild for a space of three hours, stopping all traffic in the city, and indulging in an orgy of destruction among the tramcars on a scale which must be unparalleled in any part of the world.

Over a hundred smashed cars are to be found littering the streets of the former capital to-day. The rickshamen, acting under orders from their union, attacked the service at all sections of the city simultaneously, hundreds of men being engaged in the carefully organised riots.

Drivers, conductors and passengers were hustled off, and beaten with heavy clubs if they resisted, the windows of the cars were smashed, all wooden parts of the cars torn off, and the mechanism damaged.

Amid almost indescribable scenes, the police looked on helpless. They held back enormous crowds thoroughly enjoying the spectacle, giving the rioters room in which to continue their task unhampered.

Troops were rushed into the city at ten o'clock last night, three hours after the amazing affair commenced, and when all the damage was done. Martial law was declared and order has been restored.

POLICE LOOK ON HELPLESS!

Peking, Oct. 21.

This morning presents a remarkable spectacle after a sensational outbreak by ricksha coolies last night. They conducted organised riots in all parts of the city, completely wrecked the tramway services and totally disrupted vehicular traffic for several hours.

The affair developed from a dispute between the ricksha coolies and the tramwaymen, the riot commencing on a tremendous scale shortly after darkness had fallen on the city last night.

Union Orders!

Acting on orders from their Union officials, the rickshamen roved throughout the city armed with heavy clubs, and attacked the trams at all sections, and proceeded to smash them up.

The coolies advanced on the cars at their stopping places, ordered the tram-drivers and conductors off their cars, badly beating those who refused.

Systematic Wrecking.

The passengers were then hustled out of the vehicles, after which a systematic wrecking of the cars was carried out.

The windows were smashed to smithereens, the woodwork on the cars was bodily ripped off, and the mechanism was damaged, in some cases beyond repair.

The notable features of the exploit were that the attacks throughout the city were carried out simultaneously, the union officials having apparently posted their men and given them a "zero" hour, and that

the police, apparently considering themselves helpless to control the outbreak, confined their activities to keeping back the crowds, allowing the saboteurs "elbow-room."

The Hatamen Streets presented a remarkable spectacle of one long line of completely wrecked tramcars and trailers, and the majority of the other main streets were in a similar situation.

Service Paralyzed.

The tram service was completely paralyzed.

It appears that every ricksha-puller in the city responded to the call of their leaders and participated in the sabotage and

CHENGCHOW FALL REPORTED.

JAPANESE STORY OF FIERCE BATTLE.

KUOMINCHUN SAID TO BE IN OCCUPATION.

NANKING STATEMENT.

Shanghai, Oct. 22.

According to Japanese sources, the Kuominchun troops under General Sun Liang-sing, Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang's second-in-command (in the absence of Lu Chun-ling) fiercely assaulted the Nanking troops at Chengchow yesterday afternoon and captured the city after inflicting and receiving heavy casualties.

The report of the fall of Chengchow cannot be confirmed from any other source. Official Chinese circles are reticent regarding the prevailing situation in the vicinity of Chengchow.

Nanking Statement.

The only report given out by official sources in Nanking says that Kuominchun infantry made an attempt to enter the city on Friday afternoon, but after a struggle with the Government troops under General Tang Seng-chi, the Kuominchun were driven off, leaving a large number of wounded men in the suburbs of Chengchow.

The skirmishing between the rival armies lasted until dawn on Saturday, and the firing could be heard for hours in the centre of the city.

Reinforcements Sent.

Following this attack, large reinforcements were sent to Chengchow to strengthen the defenders.

It is stated that General Tang Seng-chi, prior to the reported attack by the Kuominchun yesterday, wired to Marshal Chiang Kai-shek informing him that if the National Government is determined to launch a general offensive against the Kuominchun, he has sufficient troops at his disposal to capture Tungkuang, the stronghold of the Kuominchun on the Honan border, within ten days.

Tang Seng-chi appeared, to be confident that he had numerical superiority over the Kuominchun forces.

Lack of Details.

Battles are raging at other points in Honan and in Hupeh and it is understood that up to the present, the tide has been against the Government. The absence of communications, however, prevents the news of serious developments from reaching the outside world except through Nanking sources, though occasionally independent enquiries are able to obtain reliable information.

Fighting is reported to have broken out between the Kuominchun and Nanking troops at Heishihkuang on the Lung-Hai Railway. The two armies found themselves only 800 metres apart.

Hupei Fears.

On the Lo Ho, the Kuominchun troops, with tanks, are taking up positions and clashes with the Central Government troops are anticipated at any moment.

General Liu Chi, Commander of the First Nanking Division, left Hankow yesterday for an inspection tour of the Hupeh-Honan frontier. Sinyangchow, the present stronghold of the Nanking troops, is expecting an imminent attack by the Kuominchun.

Yen's Sympathies.

Tientsin, Oct. 22.

Until recently Nanking Minister of War and now the Chief Lieutenant of Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang, General Lu Chung-ling arrived here yesterday and is staying at a Japanese Hotel. A warrant has been

(Continued on Page 9.)

Previous Trouble.

Trouble occurred on the Peking tramways in November last year when soldiers boarded the trams, refused to pay their fares, and assaulted drivers and conductors. The latter demanded the provision of guards and when the management of the tramway company refused to comply, they brought pressure upon them in a unique manner.

For two days, before the matter was settled, the drivers took the trams out and ran them throughout the city without charges. Half the population took advantage of the occasion to go joy-riding, the company lost thousands of dollars on each day and the ricksha coolies protested bitterly at the unfair competition.

LONG FLIGHT OVER THE ATLANTIC.

U.S. AIRMAN KEEPS PLANS A DEAD SECRET.

HEADED FOR LONDON.

New York, Oct. 22.

Without disclosing his plans to anyone beforehand, an American airman, Mr. Diteman, of Billings, Montana, set out from Harbour Grace, Newfoundland, to-day, on a flight across the Atlantic.

Until the venture had actually begun, no-one had the least idea of the aviator's proposals.

A letter addressed to the airport officials afterwards, opened, intimates that he proposes to fly the Atlantic with London as his destination.

Diteman is thirty-two years of age, is married and has two children. He is better known as a gentleman than as an airman, although he is a licensed pilot and has been flying for some time.

"The Golden Hind," the machine in which he is making his hazardous trip, is a small, Barling aeroplane, only recently put on the market. It has an extremely low petrol consumption and this, no doubt, explains why Diteman courageously took off with only 165 gallons of petrol on board.

He will follow the same course as Schlee and Brock, who successfully flew from Harbour Grace to Crofton with 350 gallons on board.

Diteman started off at 5.15 p.m. Greenwich Mean Time.—*Reuter's American Service.*

ROCKET PLANE'S EFFORT.

MISHAP MARKS THE FIRST ASCENT.

WING CATCHES ON FIRE.

Berlin, Oct. 22.

The trial flight of the rocket plane was carried out to-day at Dusseldorf, but owing to one of the wings of the machine catching fire, the inventor, Herr Espenlaub, did not fire the second rocket, but landed, unscathed.

The rocket plane is in the form of a glider without a tail, and the rockets are fired from behind the pilot's seat.

The machine was elevated by a rope for the trial, by an aeroplane, and was disconnected at a height of sixty feet.

The pilot then fired the rocket, which shot the machine upwards into the air.

A second flight will be carried out shortly.—*Reuter.*

KING MAKING GOOD PROGRESS.

SPENDS MORNING SHOOTING AT SANDRINGHAM.

London, Oct. 22.

It is officially announced that H.M. the King spent yesterday morning shooting at Sandringham. This is the first time he has used the gun since last November, when, while out with a shooting party at Sandringham, he caught the chill which led to his long illness.

It is some weeks since the King went to Sandringham from Buckingham Palace, following his second operation. The fact that he is able to shoot again is regarded as further proof of his progress towards complete recovery.

Towards the end of last month it was announced that the King's stay at Sandringham had so greatly expedited his recovery that he had begun again to take fairly long rides on horse back.—*British Wire- less.*

LANTAU CHANNEL MARKINGS.

HAVE NO NAVIGATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE.

The naval authorities in Hongkong inform us that a report has been received stating that various flags and other marking are being erected on the island in the vicinity of Lantau Channel.

It is pointed out that these have no navigational significance.

INDIAN IS FOUND "NOT GUILTY."

TRIAL CONCLUDES AT THE SESSIONS.

JUDGE ANALYSES EVIDENCE AT LENGTH.

APPLAUSE IN COURT.

The case in which Gurdui Singh was charged with committing an offence on a married woman, Chung Mi-sau, at her house near Felix Villas on the night of August 30-31, was concluded this morning before Mr. Justice Wood at the Criminal Sessions.

The jury, after a retirement of half hour, returned a verdict of "Not Guilty" and accused was discharged.

Both Mr. H. K. Holmes, for the Crown, and Mr. Leo D'Almeida, jnr., Counsel for defence, addressed the jury, the latter quoting an authority as saying that only one out of twelve such cases was genuine. It was a charge that could most easily be brought against a man, but it was also one of the most difficult charges to refute.

Reputations at Stake.

In summing-up, his Lordship said the woman's reputation and the man's liberty and reputation were involved he did not wish to influence the minds of the jury either in favour of the Crown case or that of accused. Where intimacy occurred, the law presumed that the woman consented. They might suppose it was for accused to prove that the woman consented, but that was not so. The legal position was that it was for the Crown to prove that the woman had not consented, and if there was any doubt as to consent, then accused must be discharged.

His Lordship continued that the Crown Solicitor had said they were on firm ground in finding that the two persons were intimate on the night of August 30-31. That might be a right view, but he wished them to remember that they were conducting a very difficult enquiry indeed. It was an enquiry into the conduct of a prisoner and complainant in the latter's room at night when they were alone and he thought it was their duty to sift the evidence from top to bottom, taking nothing for granted, not even that intimacy occurred on the night in question.

Might Be Deception.

The jury should consider the evidence from the first statement to the last and think how much to accept. It was quite true that both complainant and accused had said intimacy occurred, on the night in question, but the jury was not bound to find it so. They might think that both parties were trying to deceive the Court for their own purposes and if they suspected such was the case, then the charge had not been proved.

The woman had said she was attacked at night by accused who entered her bedroom and surprised her. The man, she said, was dressed in his under-clothing only and carried his carbine. His only way of approaching her, according to her story, was by way of the roof.

The jury had to consider whether they believed it probable, taken in conjunction with all the facts, it was an attack made for the first time in that way. If it was so, then he very curiously divested himself, for the purpose of his uniform and elected to leave his ammunition below and bring his gun with him. If that was so, as counsel for the defence had pointed out, the marks on the woman's throat did not correspond with the type of marks one would expect to find from a rough assault.

If that was so the man, curiously enough, seemed to have coupled a demand for money afterwards; further a threat to the woman's family which had no connexion whatever with the alleged attack. His Lordship therefore suggested to the jury that they should consider the woman's evidence very carefully in all its aspects to see if she had spoken the truth.

The man's story was to the effect that intimacy occurred. Not only did he say that but he further said it was the eighth time of a series. Did that seem credible to the jury? If it was so,

(Continued on Page 6.)

TROUBLE IN KENYA ANTICIPATED.

MASAI AND LUMBWA TRIBES RESTLESS.

GOVERNOR'S ACTIVITY.

London, Oct. 22.

According to Press messages from Nairobi, Sir Edward Grigg, the Governor of Kenya Colony, has made a personal tour of the territory of the Masai and Lumbwa tribes, enquiring into the reports of a tendency to trouble between these tribes.

Sir Edward Grigg made a statement on the subject to the Legislative Council to-day.

There was always a danger of a collision, he said, between the Masai and Lumbwa tribes, which were traditionally antagonistic.

Of late, the young warriors of both tribes have been gathering without the permission of their chiefs, and as a result there had been an increasing number of cattle thefts, burglaries and disorders. Any general attitude of hostility to the European settlers was unlikely but the possibility of a collision between the two tribes had caused anxiety to settlers on lonely farms in the danger zone.

Extra police had therefore been drafted into Lumbwa territory and a company of King's African Rifles had been ordered to patrol Masai territory.

The carrying of arms had been prohibited in the vicinity of the boundary between the two native territories.—*British Wireless.*

GENEVA MARITIME CONFERENCE.

RESOLUTIONS BY OWNERS REJECTED.

SICKNESS AND HOURS.

Geneva, Oct. 22.

The Committee of the Maritime Conference dealing with hours of work on board ship has rejected, by thirty-seven votes to twenty-four, a proposal by the ship-owners that the Governments should be consulted regarding the cost and the economic repercussions of the introduction of the eight-hour day, or the forty-eight hour week with regard to ships.

The Committee decided, in lieu, to submit to the Government that the hours of overtime devoted to certain work for the safety of the ship should not be entitled to limitation or compensation.

The Committee dealing with measures for the protection of seamen against sickness, rejected by 27 votes to 21, a proposal by the employers that venereal disease should be omitted from sickness benefit, and adopted by 31 votes to 20, a resolution declaring that the question of the insurance of seamen against sickness is capable of being dealt with by an International Draft Convention.—*Reuter.*

TRADE DELEGATION TO RUSSIA.

OPINION OF A SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

London, Oct. 22.

The Report of the Anglo-Russian Committee on the British trade delegation to Russia in March last, says that the Committee is satisfied that a great volume of business is available to Great Britain, if diplomatic relations are restored and recognition afforded.

The Committee also says that arrangements must be made for financing business by long-term credit or otherwise.—*Reuter.*

PRIME MINISTER TAKING REST.

STAYING FOR TWO DAYS AT CHICOUTINI.

Quebec, Oct. 22.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and his party have arrived at Chicoutini, in Quebec Province, from Montreal, where he will spend two days in resting after his strenuous programme of the last week or so.

He inspected the hydro-electric plant and pulp works at Chicoutini this morning.—*Reuter's American Service.*

FRENCH CABINET RESIGNS.

M. BRIAND DEFEATED ON VITAL VOTE.

UNEXPECTED DOWNFALL OF THE GOVERNMENT.

ON DAY OF ASSEMBLY!

Paris, Oct. 22.

The Briand Cabinet has tendered its resignation to President Doumergue, who has accepted it.

The fall of M. Briand's twelfth Cabinet was the natural development of the adoption of a motion by the Opposition fixing November 15th for a debate on French foreign policy.

The Opposition motion was carried by 288 votes to 277, a margin of eleven.

Parliament re-assembled only to-day when M. Briand, the Premier, asked that the debates on foreign policy and the reparations question be postponed until the Hague Agreement had been disposed of.

Opposition Demand.

In the debate which led to the unexpected downfall of the Government, a Radical Socialist deputy, seconded by a "Die-hard" member of the Right Wing, demanded a discussion of foreign policy before Parliament was faced with a fait accompli.

He also demanded definition of the conditions of the evacuation of the Rhineland.

M. Briand pleaded for consideration in view of the international negotiations now proceeding, and assured the Chamber that it would have a free hand in the acceptance or rejection of all agreements.

When the Chamber showed no disposition to postpone the debates, M. Briand made the matter a vote of confidence.

Moderates' Swing.

He failed to get the expected majority owing to the action of some forty members of the Moderate Group, which usually supports the Government, but which on this occasion threw themselves alongside the two hundred and fifty members of the Left.

They turned against the Government mainly because they desired to see the commercialisation of part of the German debt before any evacuation of the Third Zone of the Rhineland.

In taking this action, the Moderates exhibited support of M. Poincare's conception of the reparations problem, rather than that of M. Briand.

M. Briand immediately afterwards announced that the Cabinet would resign.—*Reuter.*

M. Briand.

The Prime Minister, the most picturesque figure among world statesmen to-day, took office only a few months ago, succeeding on the resignation of M. Poincare owing to illness.

Twelve times since 1909 he has been Premier of France, and twelve times his Government has fallen, creating a world record.

His political career seems to have been developed round his ability to overcome a national crisis. The very adversaries who caused his downfall came back later beseeching him to forgive and take the helm again. He contends with indulgence that makes Parliament appear like a naughty child.

Indolent in manner, he moves slowly and calmly. His long, curly hair falls over his collar. His moustache droops in a long half curl. His hands are small and expressive. The bag end of an eternal black cigar or cigarette hangs from his lips.

Briand's personal tastes are exceedingly simple. When he is not in the Chamber of Deputies or his small apartment, he is on his farm in Normandy, where he raises pedigree sheep and indulges in his favourite pastime of fishing. It is said he hatches plots against his enemies while watching the fish nibble at the bait.

Of Raymond Poincare and Briand, Clemenceau once said: "Poincare knows everything and understands nothing. Briand knows nothing and understands everything."

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BACK TO SILVER.

DOLLARS TO CIRCULATE
ON THURSDAY.

Following the decision reached by the banks in Hongkong last week to re-establish the currency of the Colony on a silver basis, a meeting of representatives from all banks was held in the board room of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation yesterday afternoon for the purpose of exchanging ideas and arranging details.

The meeting was a private one and lasted for about an hour. In a statement to the S. C. M. Post afterwards, Mr. A. H. Ferguson, Manager of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China said the meeting had decided to issue the following notice:

"The Banks in the Colony hereby give notice that on and after Thursday, the 24th inst. they will be prepared to receive and will pay out Mexican and British dollars on the same basis as the notes of the issuing Banks."

Mr. Ferguson added that the decision to re-establish the currency of Hongkong on a silver basis was a unanimous one. There had also been a meeting that same afternoon of Chinese bankers and they had come to a similar decision.

By this means it is hoped to get silver freely circulating throughout the Colony, added Mr. Ferguson.

The existing one dollar notes would be withdrawn as they were received by the Banks, which would pay out with silver dollars. It was hoped that this would be a temporary measure until such time as it was generally appreciated that the silver dollar was of the same value as a dollar note issued by one of the three issuing banks.

CAPT. A. W. TAYLOR.

DEATH IN THE GOVERNMENT
CIVIL HOSPITAL.

We regret to record the death, which occurred in the Government Civil Hospital yesterday, of Capt. A. W. (Spot) Taylor, late of the S. S. Haiyang. The deceased, who was 52 years of age, was admitted to the hospital in the morning, and passed away later in the day.

The late Capt. Taylor was a master mariner very well known on the China coast, and his many friends in Hongkong will learn of his death with sincere regret. A native of Bristol, he came out here some years ago, and for eleven years was with Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co. as a chief officer. He then resigned, and went to Singapore, where he joined the Straits Steamship Company, serving with them for a period of two years. Leaving the Straits, he returned to Hongkong, and joined the S. S. Lyemun as second officer; subsequently resigning and joining the Douglas Steamship Company.

The late Capt. Taylor was a well-known member of the V.R.C., and was liked by all with whom he came in contact.

The funeral is to take place today, passing the Monument at 4.30 p.m.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Acknowledgment.

[To The Editor of Hongkong
Telegraph.]

Sir,—On behalf of the Committee of the Hongkong Benevolent Society, I beg to acknowledge, with grateful thanks, the sum of \$5 from Mr. and Mrs. Courtney in memory of the late Mrs. Mary Sverre Berg.

L. S. GOLDSMITH.
Honorary Treasurer,
Hongkong Benevolent Society.

TRIAL OF INDIAN.

ACCUSED TELLS STORY AT
SESSIONS.

When the Criminal Sessions were resumed yesterday before the Pui-sun Judge (Mr. Justice Wood), the trial of Gurdit Singh on a charge of the rape of Chung Mi-sau, a married woman, at a house near Felix Villas, was proceeded with. Complainant alleged that accused threatened to harm her children if she refused to marry him and further said that she had to drag him away from her children's bedroom door when he said he was going inside to kill them.

Mr. H. K. Holmes is prosecuting for the Crown and Mr. Leo D'Almeida, jun., is defending.

Accused said that he first came to Hongkong at the beginning of 1928 and became a police guard. He was assigned to take up duty at complainant's house about four months before the night of August 30-31. After August 15 his duty was from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. and 2 a.m. to 6 a.m.

Continuing, accused said that two days after the change of duty complainant came out after a mah-jongg party and touched his face. He then touched her face after which she opened the door and invited him in. He went inside and she suggested a certain act be committed. He complied and remained about ten minutes. The same thing happened on following nights, said accused, on August 21, 23 and 24. From August 24 to August 28 he visited her every night.

Cookhouse Scene.

On the night of August 29-30, however, when he was on duty, he saw complainant and the houseboy in the kitchen and noticed that they were burning bundles of notes. Through a crevice accused succeeded in extracting part of one of the notes. As he was walking away, however, the houseboy hit him on the head with a piece of wood and abused him. Accused returned the abuse. He explained that the couple had previously burnt notes.

Dealing with the night of August 30-31, accused said that complainant invited him inside as previously but it was untrue that he had dealings with her against her will. He said his carbine was placed against the wall. Afterwards he showed complainant the piece of paper he had secured from the cookhouse and asked what she had been burning. She replied they were notes, so he then asked her for \$10 to buy a pair of shoes. When she said she had not the money, he said he would take the paper to the police station and report what he had seen. Accused said he then went downstairs, followed by complainant. He left the house through the door which was opened by complainant and resumed duty while she returned upstairs.

In the course of a lengthy cross-examination by Mr. Holmes with regard to the burning of notes, accused said he thought the notes might have been the proceeds of a robbery, in which case if he reported his discovery to the police, he stood a good chance of being rewarded. After he had succeeded in obtaining a fragment of one of the notes, accused then tried to obtain one intact so that it could be produced as evidence to the police.

When he asked the complainant for \$10, he did not do so with the threat that if she did not comply with his request, he would report the whole matter to the police, but asked her in a friendly manner. Accused explained that although he told her he wanted the money to buy a pair of boots, he really wanted the complainant to supply him ample proof to support his story. If she had given him a note which was in any way similar to the fragment he had already had in his possession, he would have had enough evidence to go to the police.



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On the morning of August 30, he went to the Police Station and there showed Sub-Inspector Noor Mohamed a few fragments of the notes he had obtained. He was told that they were only fragments of "joss" papers and that they were worthless.

Mr. Holmes suggested that the accused had never had intimacy with the complainant at all but the accused affirmed that he had. Accused also denied that he had raped her on the night of August 29-30, and said that he had never done anything without her consent.

His Lordship then remarked that it was getting late and asked the jury whether they would like to consider the case then or adjourn it. The jury preferred the latter course. The case was adjourned till this morning at 9.30.

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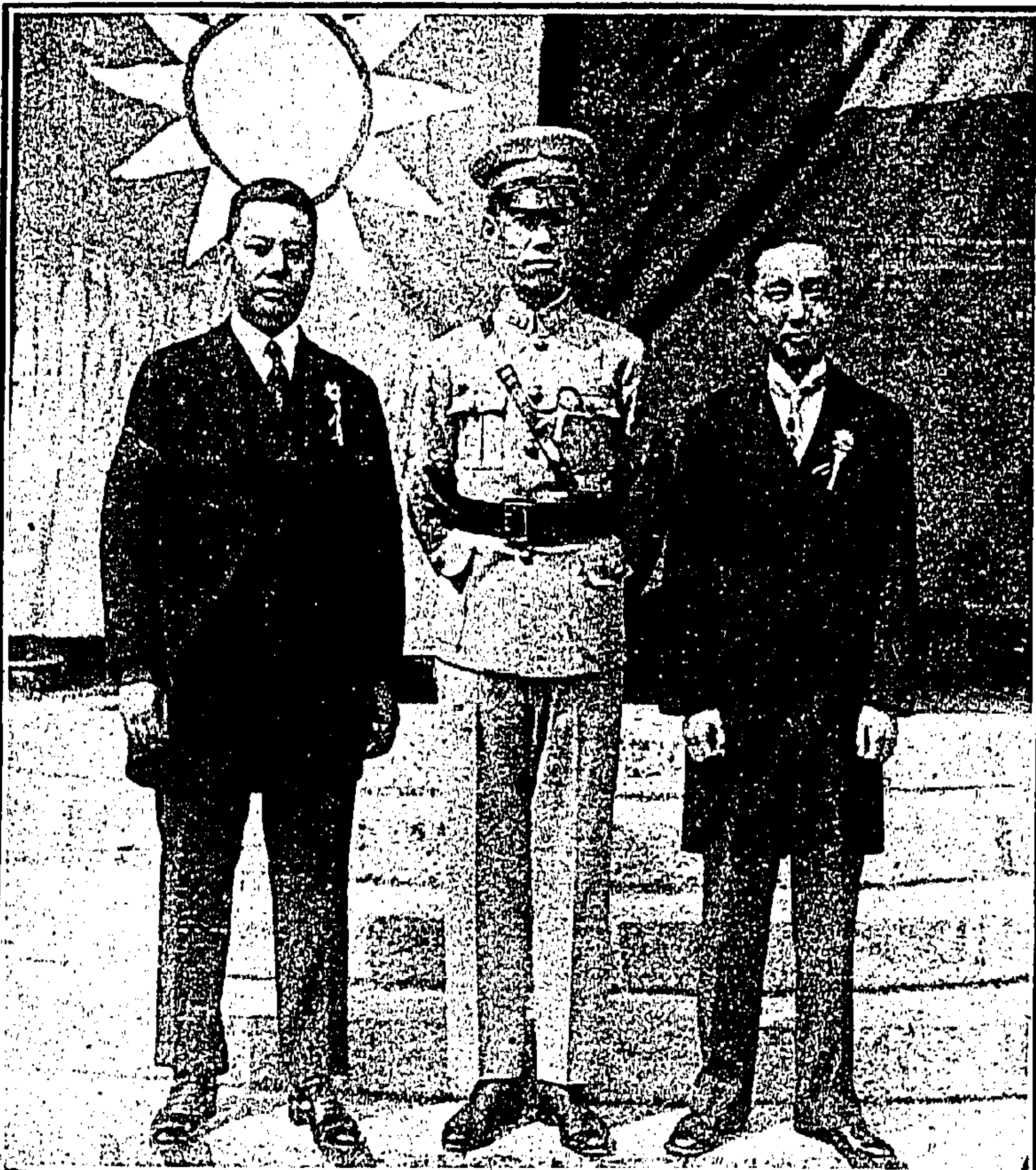
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By Small



Diplomatic, naval and official representatives of all foreign Powers represented the reception given at the Bureau of Foreign Affairs, by Mayor Chang, General Hsiung Hsi-hwei, and Mr. Hsu Mo in celebration of China's national day, the anniversary of the establishment of the Republic of China.



Our picture shows the three hosts, at the China National Day celebrations in Shanghai. From left to right they are General Chang Chun, Mayor of Shanghai, General Hsiung Hsi-hwei, Garrison Commander, and Mr. Hsu Mo, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs.



Just beyond the arches, when the boats come home in the autumn dusk to Hwangtu.



Two peasants on the road to Hwangtu, a prosperous village on the S. N. R. Line, homeward bound in the brilliant autumn sunshine.



Miss Helen Wills, the world's lady tennis champion, besieged by youngsters clamouring for autographed tennis balls, after a recent match.



Mr. Hsu Mo, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs in Shanghai was host to the foreign diplomatic representatives at a dinner given at the Majestic Hotel recently. This picture was taken during the dinner and shows those present with the Commissioner at the top of the table.



Dr. Edna T. E. Chen, recently appointed by the Ministry of Health to investigate the municipal health systems in various European cities.

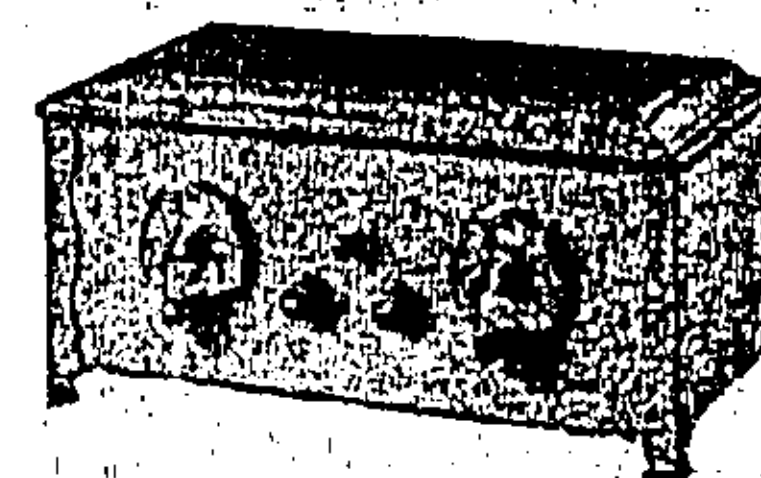


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MEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

Pullover Novelties

NEW
PULLOVERS.

Pure wool in new colouring and designs. With and without Sleeves. All sizes.

\$16.50

to

\$21.50

Nice Light Weight for present wear.

PULLOVERS AND GOLF HOSE TO MATCH.

Made in Scotland from the finest of Wool. All sizes in new and smart designs.

Price \$37.50 Set.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & Co., Ltd. Hongkong.

TO-DAY'S WANTS

25 WORDS—ONE DOLLAR

(\$1.50 IF NOT PREPAID)

The following replies have been received:—

303, 304, 305, 306, 312, 344, 363, 371,
374, 376, 381, 385, 411, 426, 427, 443, 445
455, 461, 462, 465, 474, 476, 485, 505, 512,
545, 547, 556, 557, 562, 565, 566, 568, 57.

LOST.

LOST OR STOLEN.—From Aberdeen Police Station, a white Persian Cat (Male). Reward \$5 if returned.

FOR SALE.

Offers invited for DESIRABLE RESIDENCE in Peak District (near Motor Road). Furnished or unfurnished; Modern Sanitation; Four Large Rooms with Enclosed Verandahs; Two Bathrooms, Pantry, Drying Room, etc., etc. Write: Box No. 564, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE.—MORRIS-COWLEY Four-seater 1925 model (touring) in good running order. \$500 or nearest offer. Owner leaving Colony. Apply L. H. C. Calthrop, Water Police Station, Kowloon.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Office Rooms, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Apply to Sang Kee, same Building.

TO LET.—Fully furnished three roomed house on Peak, ten minutes from tram station, large garden, near motor road. Moderate rental. Write Box No. 670, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

APARTMENTS TO LET.

VICTORIA PRIVATE HOTEL, HANKOW ROAD, KOWLOON, rooms with full board from \$95, to \$130, per month, double rooms for 2 persons with full board from \$180 per month, daily rates from \$4 per day, European management. Tel. K.357.

MASSEUR R. SHIMIZU, ASSEUSE HONDA, AS-BUSE KISAKI. Recommended for many years by Government Civil Hospital, Peak Hospital, etc., and all the local doctors. No. 24, Wyndham Street. Tel. C.4045.

New Advertisements

G. R. NOTICE.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 28th day of October, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Wong Nei Chung, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

Lot No.	Area (Sqr. Yds.)	Area (Acres)	Approx. Value
1	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
2	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
3	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
4	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
5	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
6	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
7	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
8	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
9	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
10	1,200	0.27	\$10,000

C. R. NOTICE.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 28th day of October, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Sham Shui Po, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

Lot No.	Area (Sqr. Yds.)	Area (Acres)	Approx. Value
1	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
2	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
3	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
4	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
5	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
6	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
7	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
8	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
9	1,200	0.27	\$10,000
10	1,200	0.27	\$10,000

NOTICE.

The Banks in the Colony hereby give notice that on and after Thursday, the 24th inst. they will be prepared to receive and will pay out Mexican and British dollars on the same basis as notes of the issuing Banks. Hongkong, 22nd October, 1929.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

The Seventh Extra Race Meeting will be held (weather permitting) at Happy Valley on Saturday, 26th October, 1929, commencing at 2 p.m.

The first bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. The charge for admission to the Public Enclosure will be \$1 for all persons including Ladies. Soldiers and Sailors in uniform half price.

Members are advised that they must show their Badges to obtain admission to the Members' Enclosure.

Each member has the right to introduce 2 non-members to the Members' Enclosure, tickets for whom can be obtained from Messrs. Linstead & Davis at \$5 each up to Friday, 25th October, 1929.

The charge for admission for Ladies to the Members' Enclosure will be \$2.

Each member can obtain upon application to the Secretary Badges for admission of 2 Ladies free of charge.

Bookmakers, Tie Men, &c. will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of the Hongkong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

NO CHILDREN ALLOWED IN EITHER ENCLOSURE ON ANY PRETEXT.

"PEAK MANSONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island, Ready for Occupation.

Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS, with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two Lifts. Apply to—

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT.

LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions from Messrs. Sennet Freres to sell by Public Auction.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

the 24th and 25th October, 1929,

commencing each day at 10.30 a.m.

(with an interval from 12.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m.) at their Store—York Building

THE WHOLE OF THEIR SURPLUS STOCKS.

comprising:—Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, Silver and Plated Ware, Porcelain and Cutglass Ware, Ladies' Fancy Hand Bags, Silver Cups, Silver Photo Frames, etc., etc.

ON VIEW NOW.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on Friday,

the 25th October, 1929,

commencing at 5.15 p.m.

at their Sales Room,

Duddell Street.

A Valuable Collection of

Postage Stamps.

On View from Thursday, the 24th October, 1929.

Catalogues will be issued. Terms:—Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

on SATURDAY,

the 26th October, 1929,

commencing at 10 a.m.

at No. 8, Aimal Villas (Kowloon). A Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

(Catalogues will be issued.)

On View from Friday, the 25th October, 1929.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

on SATURDAY,

the 26th October, 1929,

commencing at 11 a.m.

At No. 8, Knutsford Terrace, Ground Floor, Kowloon. A Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

(Catalogues will be issued.)

On View from Friday, the 25th October, 1929.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

CHINA COAST OFFICERS.

LATEST PROMOTIONS AND TRANSFERS.

Captain C. Carrington, from reserve, has gone master, Kintang.

Mr. J. T. Forster, chief officer, Linn, has gone chief officer, Singkang.

Mr. J. G. R. Gow, second officer, Sunning, is on reserve.

Mr. E. Williams, chief officer, Chungking, is on reserve. Mr. A. H. Mills, from reserve, has gone chief officer, Chungking.

Mr. N. Booth, chief officer, Szechuen, has gone chief officer, Sunning.

Mr. W. Dickinson, extra chief officer, Linn, has gone chief officer, Szechuen.

Mr. T. E. Rees, second officer, Fatshan, has gone second officer, Linn.

Mr. M. Duffy, second officer, Linn, has gone second officer, Fatshan.

Mr. D. G. Evans, third engineer officer, Ngankin, has gone extra third engineer officer, Kangling.

Mr. Chen Sze-meng, from shore, has been appointed acting third engineer officer, Ngankin.

Mr. M. W. W. McNeill, chief engineer officer, Fengtien, has gone third engineer officer, Woosung.

Mr. J. D. Craig, second engineer officer, Kanchow, has gone acting chief engineer officer, Hupeh.

Mr. G. B. Shotton, third engineer officer, Fengtien, has gone acting second engineer officer, Kanchow.

Mr. J. W. E. Tonkin, second engineer officer, Kangling, has gone acting second engineer officer, Hupeh.

Mr. A. C. Morice, second engineer officer, Hupeh, has gone second engineer officer, Kintang.

Mr. Tang Shung-chung, third engineer officer, Kintang, has gone third engineer officer, Kangling.

Mr. Wong Ching-yuan, third engineer officer, Kangling, has gone third engineer officer, Kintang.

Mr. J. K. Lindstrom, third engineer officer, Chungking, is reserve. Mr. E. Woods has been appointed third engineer officer, Chungking.

Mr. R. K. Kibbo, Indo-China S. N. Co., has gone assistant marine superintendent, Hongkong.

Captain V. Liddell, from Home leave, has gone master, Kutsang.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions from J. H. Donithorne Esq., to sell by Public Auction

on MONDAY,

the 28th October, 1929,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at China Light and Power Co. Ltd.,

Residential Quarter, Hok Un

A Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

Comprising:—

Westminster Chinese Hall Clock, Chesterfield couch and chairs, Armchairs, Glass cabinet, Pictures, Water Colours, Marble Clock, Barometer, Statue, Ornament, Teak flower stand, Porcelain Jardinieres, Carpets, Stair carpet, Curtains, etc., etc.

Carved Blackwood curio cabinet, Blackwood chairs, Blackwood tea-pots, Blackwood joss table, Ceiling fans, Electric fittings, Avian, Plants in pots and ferns, etc., etc.

Teak extension dining table, Chairs, Teak Sideboard, Teak Silver Cabinet, Side table, Cut Glass Ware, Dinner Crockery, etc., etc.

Iron bedstead, Teak wardrobe with bevelled mirror, doors, Teak dressing table, Teak chest of drawers, Teak Chairs, Treadle Sewing machine, etc., etc.

Kelvinator (10 cubic feet), White Frost, Filter, Pantry-table Electric cooking stove, Aluminium cooking utensils, etc., etc.

Also

One Baby Grand by Moutrie.

One Orthophonic Victrola, and records.

One 5 Valves Radio Set.

One 3 Valves Radio Set.

One Large Wireless Cabinet with accessories.

One Chubb's Safe.

On view from Sunday the 27th October, 1929.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 21, 1929.

STAR THEATRE.

"BEWARE OF MARRIED MEN."

Philandering benedict and wily women, married and single, play their mirth-provoking roles in "Beware of Married Men," whose star is Irene Rich. Her support includes Myrna Loy, Audrey Ferris, Clyde Cook, Richard Tucker, Stuart Holmes and Hugh Allan.

Archie L. Maye directed "Beware of Married Men" for Warner Bros. from a screen adaptation of E. T. Lowe, Jr., from a Franz Jacquet's original. It details the exciting, titillating adventures of two young women and their more or less desirable boy friends.

Mrs. Rich gives one of her best characterizations as the elder sister who determines to guide the uncertain footsteps of her happy sister.

Professor W. I. Gerrard, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H., has taken over the duties of Professor of Medicine in the Hongkong University in succession to Professor J. Anderson, M.D., who has accepted an appointment under the Lester Trust in Shanghai.

Mr. S. C. Johnson, third officer, Kutsang, is on reserve. Mr. R. A. Kneen has been appointed third officer, Kutsang.

Mr. W. T. Rochester, second officer, Cheongching, has gone second officer, Tuckwo.

Mr. S. Duncan, second officer, Tuckwo, has gone second officer, Cheongching.

Mr. A. L. Miller, from Home leave, has gone chief engineer officer, Chak-sang.

Mr. J. Gunt, chief engineer officer, Chak-sang, has gone chief engineer officer, Yusan.

Mr. J. Mathieson has been appointed third engineer officer, Pingwo.

Mr. R. Clark, third engineer officer, Pingwo, has gone third engineer officer, Tuckwo.

Mr. Tuckwo, Shipping and Engineering.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

RADIO NOTICES.

The Radio Office, where full information concerning all wireless services may be obtained at all times, is situated on the ground floor of the P. and O. Building in Des Voeux Road, next to the General Post Office.

Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic addresses at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this.

Mails for Europe superscribed via Siberia will in future be forwarded via Japan and Vladivostok. It is anticipated that the time of transit will be about 21 days.

Letters and postcards for Europe and the British Isles are forwarded via Siberia if so superscribed.

In view of the reopening of the Siberian route via Vladivostok it has been decided to discontinue closing air-mails via Karachi.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Due
Calcutta and Straits	Kumsang
Straits	Beitana
Europe via Suez (Letters & Papers)	October 24
London, 28th Sept. and Parcels	October 24
Japan and Shanghai	Kashgar
U.S.A. (Seattle, Oct. 5) Canada, Japan and Shanghai	Kalyan
Japan	Pres. Pierce
Straits	Panama Maru
Manila	Hakone Maru
Japan	Shirata
U.S.A. (San Francisco, Oct. 4)	President Madison
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Santos Maru
Canada, (Victoria B.C., Oct. 8) and Japan	Katori Maru
Australia and Manila (17 October)	Pres. Johnson
U.S.A. (San Francisco, Oct. 9)	Tyndarus
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Tanda
U.S.A. (San Francisco, Oct. 11)	Emps. of France
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Korea Maru

OUTWARD MAILS.

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

For	Date and Time
Annoy	Yunnan
Sam Shui and Wuchow	Sun Ning
Swatow	Sun Ning
Japan	Tan
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Celebes Maru
Hohow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Deli Maru
Straits	Chinkiang
Japan	Cremer
Fort Bayard	William Penn
Saligon	Tai Poo
Hohow and Bangkok	Prosper
Shanghai and Japan	Chinhu
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Kashgar
Amoy and Japan	Haiyang
Sandakan	Kumsang
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Hinsang

Thurs Oct. 24, 10.30 a.m.

Sat. Oct. 25, 4.30 p.m.

Registration Oct. 25, 9 a.m.

Letters

G.P.O.

Parcels

Registration Oct. 25, 9.45 a.m.

Letters

(Due Marseilles 23rd November.)

Japan, *Canada, *U.S.A., *C. & *S.

America via Victoria B.C. and *Europe via Siberia

Manila

Amoy

Bangkok via Swatow

Swatow, Amoy and Formosa

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East Africa via Mombasa, Lourenco Marques and *South Africa

Shanghai and Japan

Japan, *Canada, *U.S.A., *C. & *S.

via Victoria B.C. and *Europe via Marseilles

Swatow

*Shanghai, *Japan, Honolulu and *San Francisco

Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America and *Europe via Vancouver B.C. and *Europe via Siberia

Hohow, Pakhoi and Haiphong

Saligon, *Straits, Ceylon, South Africa and *South American Ports

Swatow, Amoy and Formosa

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles

Manila

*Honolulu and *South American Ports

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles

Swatow

*Shanghai, *Japan, Honolulu and *San Francisco

Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America and *Europe via Vancouver B.C. and *Europe via Siberia

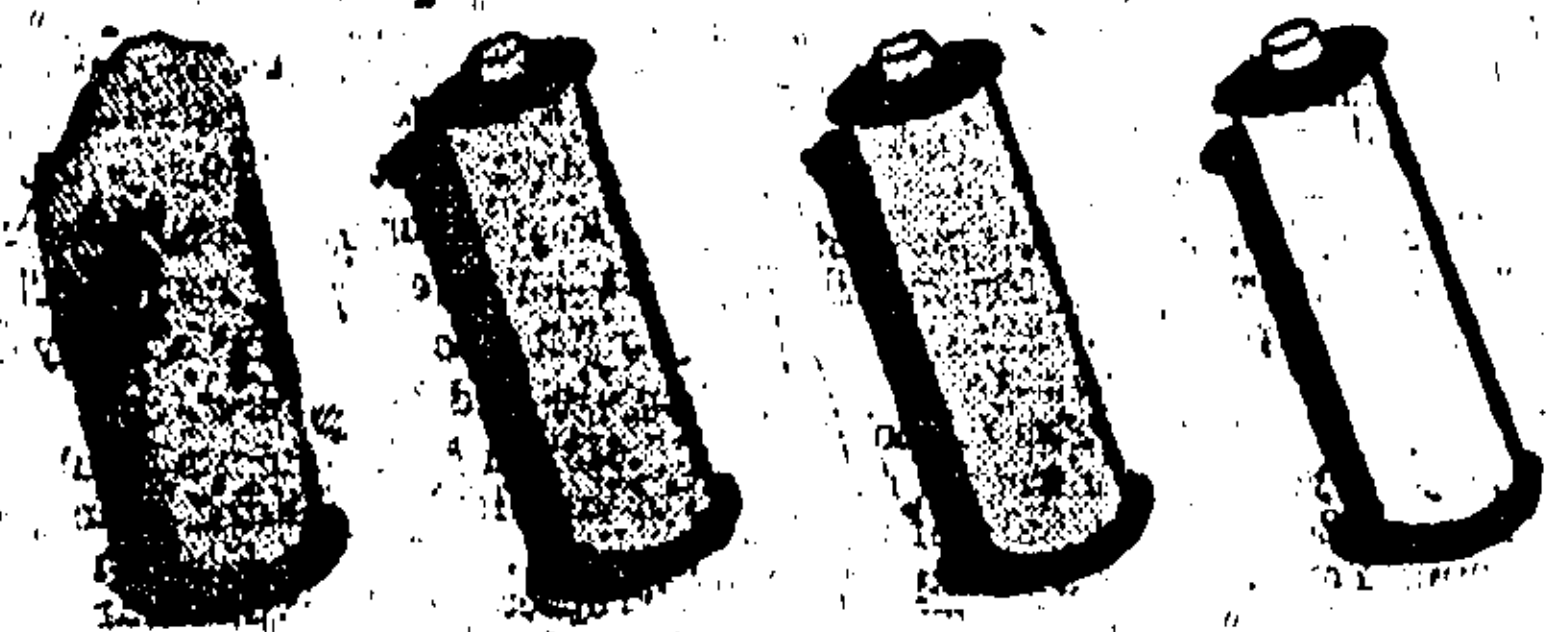
Hohow, Pakhoi and Haiphong

Saligon, *Straits, Ceylon, South Africa and *South American Ports

Swatow, Amoy and Formosa

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles

WHAT IS GRADATION IN FILM?



Do you know what "gradation" also leads to this uncompromising means in a film? Well, of missing harshness, so do not course, a photograph is made judge too hastily. Kodak Film up of tones and half tones and Film has "gradation" combined semitones and semi-tones with "speed" and "latitude", between white and black. The "speed" make under-If a film has good "gradation" exposure unlikely. The "lati-your pictures will have these tude", which is another word beautifully soft and luminous for good temper in a film, pre-tones. If it hasn't, the dark serves the gradation as far as parts will be like soot and the possible when you over-expose. light parts like whitewash and So with Kodak Film you may and there won't be much in-always be quite certain of between. But under exposure friendliness and helpfulness.

KODAK FILM

THE DEPENDABLE FILM IN THE YELLOW CARTON

Stocked by all photographic dealers.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.

24 Yuen Ming Yuen Road,
SHANGHAI.

A.P.S.

WOMAN'S WORLD FOR OUR LADY READERS.



The first requisite to that well-dressed effect, which we are all so anxious to present, is a good looking hat. It is the first article of clothing to greet the eye therefore deserves very special consideration. The smart woman pays particular attention to this detail, knowing that a "certain line" carried out in her hat will transform her costume into a distinctive ensemble.

Berets—turbans—small clothes—"airplane" toques—all these take the limelight in Dame Fashion's mode for Autumn and Winter 1929-1930. Black hats will be favourites for early Autumn wear, according to Irene Bordoni, star of the First National Vitaphone film, "Paris". Snug-fitting toques with "airplane" wings of felt, which create a "little girl" hair-ribbon effect, will dominate the early autumn mode, Miss Bordoni explained. She has a new winter model of black hankiechief felt with a pearl and marcesite ornament marking the centre front.

Velvet Hats.

Velvet hats make their debut in the film colony and are seeking to push the perennially popular felt into the discard. This revival of velvet brings with it the vogue for turbans, toques and tam o' shanters. Autumn and Winter 1929-30 will see many draped turbans, very close to the head. The black felt toque, as well as the velvet toque are new. The wing treatment, especially suited for the piquant type appears frequently in toques, unfolded in velvets, felts and "velvet and felt" combinations.

Many new shades come to the fore in this "Era of Velvet," particularly bright and daring colours, which will be worn with the more subdued ensembles, to give the touch of colour.

More casual than ever in its lines is the sport hat of felt. To reveal the brow seem to be the purpose of all models. All sorts of intricate draperies appear, evolved in diagonal lines, which are interesting and sophisticated.

The Flared Brim.

The turned-up-front influences every creation! One model chosen by Vogue had a smart shallow crown and a brim of medium width, which turned up in an uneven line, showing the brow—obviously, this is a characteristic detail of the majority of chic autumn hats. The flared brim is decidedly new and striking! Many "chapeaux" employ this charming note, developed in attractive side widths. This treatment of brims is most ingenious. Looking further into the mode we find every model seems to vie with some other to achieve that "capricious something"—aided and abetted by this tendency of the brims to dispose of themselves in various side-front rolls and turns. Strange to relate, Broad Brims, which will be very much in evidence this winter, have also been captivated by this style and we discovered various creations in black and brown felts boasting cut-away, turned-up and rolled brims, with encrustations of furs—breitschwantz, chiefly favoured—in the side widths. Grosgrain and satin rib-

bons are also used, as of yore, for trimmings while very new and different are the bright coloured pompoms used on broad brimmed and low-crowned hats.

The Football Vogue.

The football season is here! One feels it in the air, one sees it in the turn of the mode—the modified football helmet and part little berets are making their appearance on the boulevard in Hollywood. The Hollywood stars are making their own berets, and, oddly enough, while the pattern is the same, the way the girls wear them is very individual. They are made very simply, according to Alice White, First National Vitaphone star. Here's how it is done. Take 27 inches of felt (it is of double width) and cut out two big circles. One to form the tam o'shanter crown, the other forms the "under section". Then measure the size of the head and cut out the centre of the under section to allow the head to fit in. Utilize the "leavings" for a band. Alice White wears her beret crushed down on the side, half covering the left eyebrow, ala Harry Lauder style. Loretta Young, who has long hair, pulls her beret back from the forehead. Miss Young's beret is of white broadcloth.

The snug-fitting felt chapeau with ear-flaps of kasha, caught back from the face and worn off the forehead jauntily by Phyllis Crane, one of the "sweet young things" in the First National Vitaphone production, "Forward Pass," featuring Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., and Loretta Young, also illustrates the football vogue.

Notes from Paris.

Three-quarter length fur coats are seen with cloth frocks. This is now considered the smartest and most practical length for fur coats. One, in brown and black caracul, was finished with a long fur tie-up, and accompanied by a

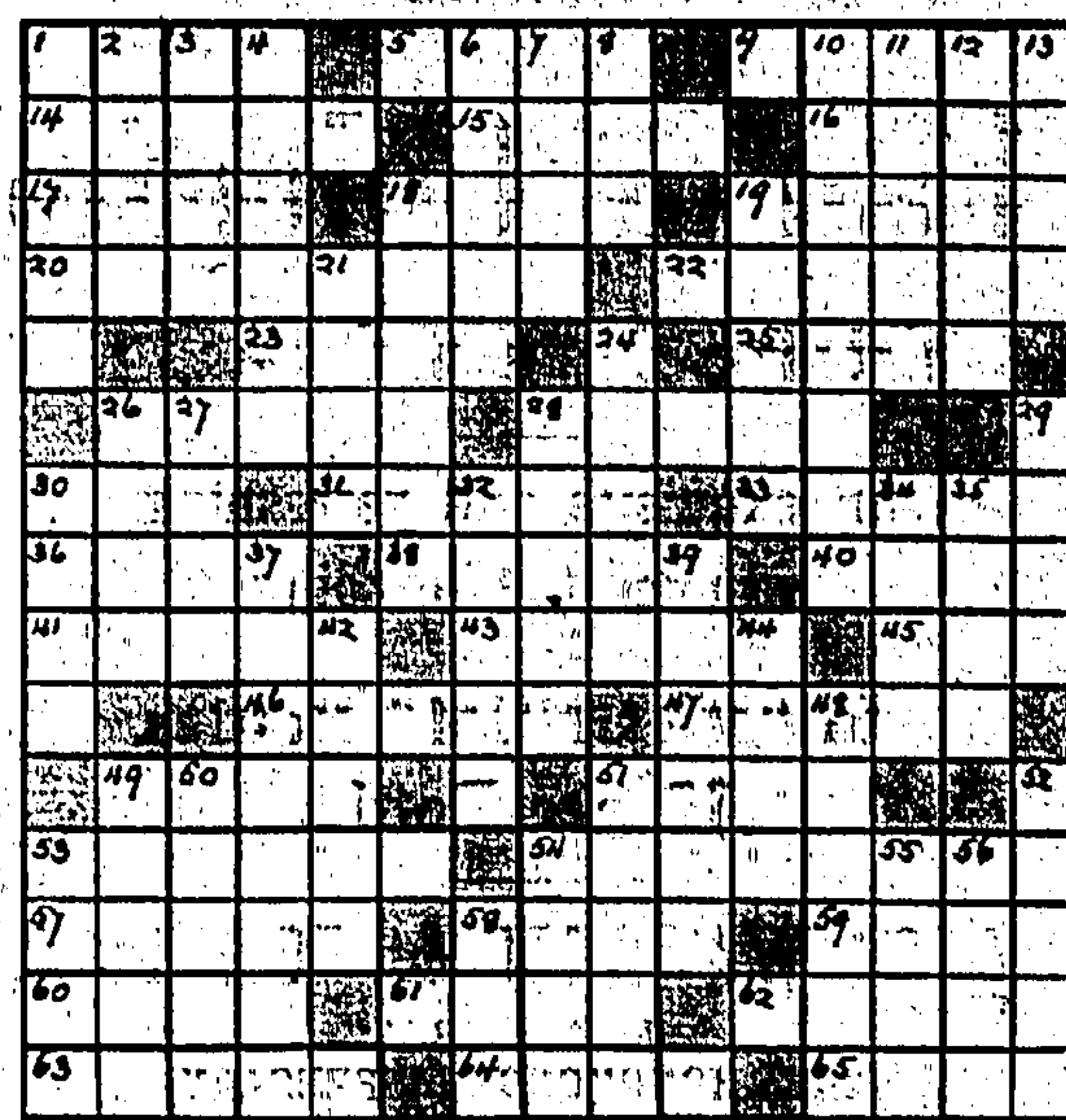
flat muff of matching skin. These muffs serve a double purpose, being handbags into the bargain.

Lingerie touches are seen on practically every design. Many collars open over lace gilets. For afternoon wear lovely lace vests are noticeable.

Breitschwantz and broadtail are used as materials. Breitschwantz

fashioned a chic suit which comprised a straight coat, a skirt fitting snugly over the hips and flaring at the hem and a white satin tuck-in bodice. A beautiful beige broadtail design was accompanied by a tight-fitting beige satin tunic. With it was worn a broadtail and satin toque, finished with a fur flower over the ear.

OUR NEW BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



Across

- 1 Old time political party.
- 5 Nimble.
- 9 Small fish.
- 14 Fertile areas.
- 15 Provoked.
- 16 Ascended.
- 17 Greasy.
- 18 Gasp.
- 19 Peas collectively.
- 20 Attiring.
- 22 Stops.
- 23 Orient.
- 25 Performs.
- 26 Deserve.
- 28 Instruct.
- 30 Gloomy.
- 31 Giver.
- 33 Crowds.
- 36 Tart.
- 38 Scottish landowner.
- 40 Profound.
- 41 Valued.
- 43 Demand as due.
- 45 Some.
- 46 Fruits.
- 47 Strong ale.
- 49 Yoke of oxen.
- 51 Fabulous monster.
- 53 Commences.
- 54 Arabic.
- 57 Looks sullen.
- 58 Smoothing instrument.
- 59 Hind portion.
- 60 Otherwise.
- 61 Emancipate.
- 62 Abate.
- 63 Actions.
- 64 Difference in favour.
- 65 Piles with love.

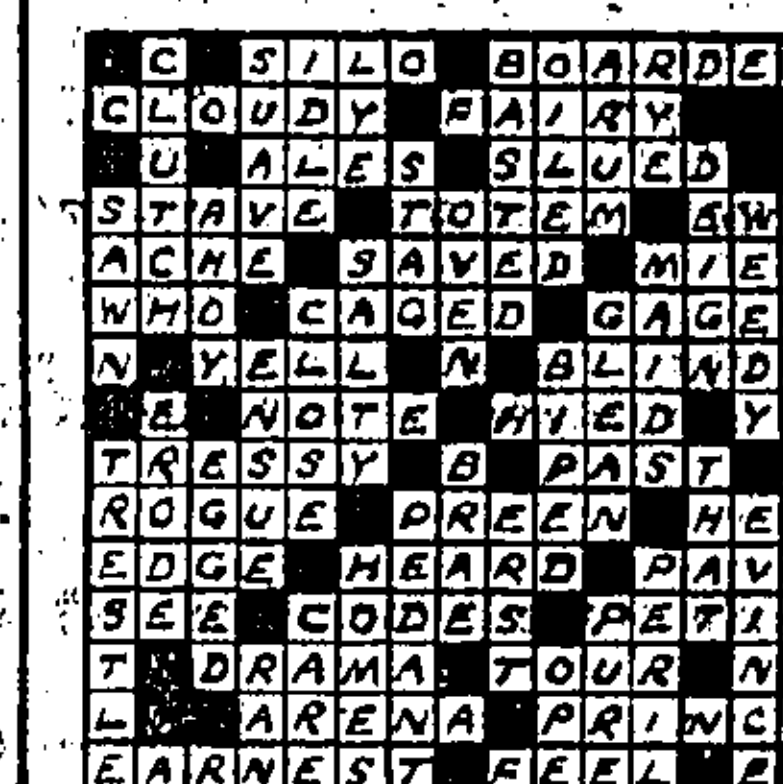
Down

- 1 Lignous.
- 2 Head covering.
- 3 Island.
- 4 Hot water spring.
- 6 Sow.
- 7 Sound sonorously.
- 8 Further.

10 Proclaimed.

- 11 Heat to excess.
- 12 Donkeys.
- 13 Starting places at golf.
- 18 Small firearm.
- 19 Fleas fruit.
- 21 Related.
- 24 The earth.
- 26 Mineral of a foliated structure.
- 27 Throw out.
- 28 Works.
- 29 Observe.
- 30 Destitute of light.
- 32 Mother of pearl.
- 34 Harvest.
- 36 Contradict.
- 37 Vent.
- 39 Narrow valley.
- 42 Marks made by blows.
- 44 Fertilizer.
- 48 Gems produced by oysters.
- 49 Thieved.
- 50 Stop.
- 51 Lubricated.
- 52 Outlets of grain.
- 53 Made haste.
- 54 Fastened.
- 55 Dandy.
- 56 Expanse of water.
- 58 From.

Yesterday's Solution.



CAR REPAIRS!

BRING YOUR CAR TO US—AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED.

FIAT GARAGE

67, Des Voeux Rd. C. Tel. C. 4321

MASSAGE HALL

MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse
87, Queen's Road C., 2nd floor.

METALS

of all kinds especially for ship-building and engineering work. Complete stock. Best Terms. Immediate delivery.

SINGON & CO.,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

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BIG GARAGE

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NEWLY BUILT.

MODERNLY

EQUIPPED

NEXT TO

STAR

THEATRE

APPLY—

GAY KEE

DAVID HOUSE

Tel. C. 1482.

MRS. MOTONO

HAND & ELECTRIC

MASSAGE

No. 31B, Top Floor, Wyndham St.,
Hongkong.

FLETCHER'S
INHALINE
PREVENTS "FLU"
AND
CURES COLD

THE PHARMACY

(FLETCHER & CO. LTD.)
A.P.C. Building. Tel. C.345.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



Tag Gives Him a Lesson

By Blosser

GENUINE Eau de Cologne TRIPLE EXTRACT

An exquisite and refreshing
adjunct to the toilet.

In "MAGNUM" Bottles
\$2 per Bottle.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

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THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY
Phone C.16

ON SALE TO-DAY

The New Victor Records

For October

Including two new Musical Masterpiece
Series.

No. 56 Le Cid—Ballet (Massenet)

By Alfred Hertz & San Francisco Symphony Orchestra.

No. 55 Symphony No 6 in G Major—
"Surprise" (Haydn)

By Serge Koussevitzky & Boston Symphony Orchestra.

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

(Victor Distributors)

Chater Road.

ALL WOOL ENGLISH BLANKETS.

WITH SILK BOUND ENDS

THE RAVEN BLANKET

2½ yds. x 2 yds. \$32.50

THE MUSKEYON BLANKET

2½ yds. x 2 yds. \$45.00

THE RAVEN BLANKET

2½ yds. x 2 yds. \$40.00

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET YOUR FRIGIDAIRE



THERE ARE DOMESTIC
MODELS OF FROM FOUR
TO EIGHTEEN CUBIC FEET
STORAGE CAPACITY.

OVER
1,000,000
IN USE THROUGHOUT
THE WORLD.

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The
Hongkong Telegraph.

WEDNESDAY OCT. 23, 1929.

THE PEOPLE SUFFER.

What civil war means to the people of China, even when a locality is spared the effects of actual hostilities, is well exemplified in the course of the information which has just come to hand from Nanning, where recently there has been a good deal of unrest. Our correspondent, reporting on events, states that much trouble has been caused to the populace. Not content with impressing coolies into military service, the officials have embarked on a wholesale campaign of "squeezing" householders and merchants. An extra month's rent was first demanded from tenants, then came a tax equivalent to two months' rent, and finally the Chamber of Commerce was called upon to pay an assessment of six per cent. on all capital invested in shops and business enterprises. As might be expected, the people did not pay these imposts willingly, but they had no option in the matter, since the collectors were accompanied by squads of soldiers with Mauser pistols and fixed bayonets. Opposition, in the circumstances, was out of the question.

We draw attention to these incidents for the purpose of showing how innocent people, wishing nothing better than to be left alone in peace to carry on their daily avocations, are mercilessly treated by officialdom. These taxes, it need hardly be pointed out, are utterly illegal, but that does not matter—they have to be paid. We wonder how the Chinese in foreign settlements in China, and in such places as Hongkong, react to news of this kind. Possibly some of them have had actual experience, in China Proper, of similar exactions, for the evil is common to all parts of the country. All the same, they cannot help, on reflection, comparing the security which they enjoy where the administration of affairs is honestly conducted. We write thus, not to indulge in boasting, but merely for the purpose of stressing the facts and showing what can be done where government authority is properly enforced. There is another angle to this question also. We refer to the charge which is often made, but of which we have happily not heard so much lately, that the Chinese are oppressed in their own country by foreigners. This was the favourite cry of the so-called "anti-imperialists" a few years ago. But when we come to look facts in the face, we find that it is

by their own officials and militarists that the Chinese are oppressed and exploited. That is a point which is too seldom realised in Western countries, but we were pleased, the other day to see it emphasised in a Home paper by a writer who took up a Communist for repeating clap-trap on a subject with which this "Red" was in no way qualified to deal.

The tragedy of these exactions on the civilian population is that the money wrung from the people goes to no useful purpose whatever. It is merely pocketed by those who do the collecting, and, as often as not, the demands are repeated when a new regime takes over control of the region affected. It is therefore not to be wondered at that the coming of troops to a district, so far from being looked upon as guaranteeing peace and protection, is more often than not regarded as a calamity. It is the people who suffer, whilst the militarists fatten themselves at the expense of the public. When these things will change for the better no-one can say; it will not be until either the Central Government is able to rule the country from end to end or until some new form of administration, served by honest officials, comes into being.

Opium Traffic.

The campaign gradually being developed throughout the world for suppression of the illicit traffic in opium is destined to lose its force if other legislative bodies see fit to follow the example of the U. S. Senate. Powerful shipping interests have apparently been at work in Washington and, as a result, we suppose, the Senate has decided to amend the Tariff Bill so as to absolve ship-owners and ship's officers from liability for opium smuggling if they are able to prove their ignorance of the attempt. Normally, this would seem only equitable, but the very serious position created by the extensive scale on which the gangs engaged in the nefarious traffic operate demands drastic counter-measures, and for that reason the decision is to be deplored as a retrograde step. With the inducement to the officers to keep a very strict watch against possible opium smugglers at their ports of call now removed, it is easy to see that the rings controlling the smuggling will lose little time in resuming their full activities, hitherto kept in check. Apparently the onus of proof still rests with the shipping people, but we can see no legal difficulty which is likely to arise in discharging this obligation. Ignorance is an easy plea and it is easy to present a consistent case in support of such a plea.

Embarrassing Labour.

Yorkshire has followed the example of Lancashire and is pressing its workers to accept a reduction of salary and, at the same time, is embarrassing the Labour Government at a critical period in its career. The wool textile workers have been presented with proposals that they should accept a cut of 8.3 per cent. and they have refused. The result is the threat of a stoppage affecting 200,000 operatives. The comparative leniency of the demand indicates that the employers in this case are not quite so sure of their ground, and it is to be hoped that the Trade Union leaders will be willing to submit the case to arbitration. There has been more than a mere suggestion that employers in many parts of the country are seeking to take advantage of the reluctance of labour in Britain to engage in industrial strife at this particular time. In the case of the cotton industry, there was some justification for the position taken up by the mill-owners, but elsewhere the plea of hard times does not deeply impress. If the allegations that are being made have any foundation in fact, and there is machinery in existence for meeting such a situation, the Government will act with the full approval of the thinking citizens of the country. The employers should be held equally responsible with their employees in preventing the reign of chaos.

Passengers leaving on the President Cleveland yesterday included Rev. J. H. Kerr, Mr. J. K. Shaw, Mr. W. W. Mackenzie and Mr. D. W. Wagstaff.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Hongkong Dollar.

[To The Editor of Hongkong Telegraph.]

Sir,—Sanity's happy-go-lucky attitude on the currency question has just about floored me. He is obviously ignorant of the fact that a community whose financial authorities are seemingly incompetent can never hope to achieve prosperity, no matter how efficiently its industrial affairs are conducted.

The period of big fluctuations to which he refers covers the War and its subsequent unprecedented financial disorders, and he appears to be regarding history's biggest financial upheaval as a normal occurrence. To-day a fluctuation of 1% in the Bank of England rate sends a tremor of apprehension throughout the Empire and yet in 1914 that rate jumped 10% before a moratorium was declared. Within six months from that time, currency inflation and deflation pulled down and then restored the purchasing power of the paper £1 to the extent of 300%, and yet to-day a fluctuation of 3% would be considered ample justification for anxiety. And "Sanity" must not forget that wartime fluctuations made, and broke thousands of men and that Britain will continue to pay for them for many a year to come. Our industrial troubles at Home now are the direct result of heavy taxation to cover interest on war debt.

Then another instance of war's financial abnormalities. Sweden in 1916 adopted a gold exclusion policy, a hitherto unheard of procedure, and Swedish paper actually rose well above its gold parity. There had been examples of silver exclusion previously—India in 1893 and the Netherlands in 1873—but never before had any country contemplated shutting out gold. (By the way, this goes to prove that there are times when it is advisable to give way to a paper premium.)

"Sanity's" retrospection therefore cuts no ice with anyone unless a world-wide war is to be regarded as something normal and unavoidable. Then why all this fuss? he concludes. He must either have taken a substantial haul on the dollar drop or else his salary is big enough to render him immune from a mere 3d. in the dollar. I wonder if he is aware of the fact that there are hardworking men out here who had just enough put by for six well-earned months' at Home and now find that their leave will mean six long months of financial anxiety or that there are many Europeans in this Colony at the moment who will be compelled, within the next few months, to take their families to live in Chinese tenements—for to some of us that 3d. in the dollar is going to make all the difference between struggling respectability and bitter fatalism.

When such letters as "Sanity's" appear in your paper, Mr. Editor, I, for one, am quite ready to back up "Common Sense's" suggestion of a public protest meeting and, moreover, I begin to wonder if our financial authorities are afraid of the intervention of an outside expert.—Yours, etc.,

ONLOOKER.

Kowloon, Oct. 22nd, 1929.

Sir,—I had thought that my letter of the 21st instant would have been the last, particularly after your discouraging leader-of-the-same-date calling a stop to persuasion by those loaded with theories. But "Onlooker" will not have it so.

"Onlooker" claims never to have thought of "freight," yet to any close reader the expression "ship-ping work" contained in his letter of the 17th instant must be taken to include the carrying trade. Again his letter of the 19th instant rather acknowledged the slip, but we are now agreed that "freights" have no important influence on exchange.

To assert that ship repair work, as an invisible export, is confined merely to a portion of the earnings of ships, owned and operated abroad, and that the proportion is infinitesimal to the whole, i.e., to the whole of such earnings, should not warrant the charge of palpable ignorance of the importance and magnitude of the Colony's dock work. I do realise the great interest of Hongkong in this industry.

In my previous letters I made the statement generally that local industry will improve, and in the case in point, namely that of our local docks, I would now state—(a) A low exchange will enable us to compete with Shanghai successfully, because of the difference in wages, which in repair work absorb the greater part of the contract. In Hongkong, workmen earn silver; in Shanghai, workmen earn gold. In Hongkong they are paid in inflated banknotes carrying the right to no greater sum in silver. In imported raw material, a low exchange would, at first sight, appear undesirable, but the disability when compared to Shanghai disappears for the good reason that

DAY BY DAY.

IF WE CANNOT LOVE UNCONDITIONALLY, LOVE IS ALREADY IN A CRITICAL CONDITION.—Goethe.

There was a clean bill of health in the Colony yesterday.

H.M.S. Sandwich sailed from Hongkong yesterday for Northern waters.

The P. and O. s.s. Kalyan, from Shanghai, is due here at 6 a.m. on Friday.

Mr. W. H. Bell was amongst the passengers who left for Manila by the s.s. Empress of Asia.

A foki named Tak Kook-hing, aged 18 years, is suspected of stealing \$1,020 from the safe of the Yee Fung Yuen import and export shop at 36, Gilman Street. The manager of the firm, Tong Pak-chi, asserts that the lad absconded yesterday.

The public is reminded that the Warwick Revue Company opens its brief season on the Hongkong side to-night, when "The Peep Show" will be presented at the Theatre Royal. This is one of the Company's big successes, and should not be missed.

Shanghai has to work under a similar condition. The proof of this statement might be found in the published accounts of the local Dock Co., the bad results of which have been inverse in ratio to the prosperity of similar Companies in Shanghai, despite our superior technical efficiency.

(b) The same considerations apply to the unprofitable work of new construction, which should not be lost to the Colony by the drop in exchange, for the good reason that tenders for this class of work is generally in sterling. The disappearance of our premium in banknotes should result in amended lower tenders in sterling for that part of the job represented by wages.

Generally, all our factories, cement, rope, and the numerous small manufacturers will do better, and as regards the two specifically mentioned, not only from an export point of view, but also by an effective economic barrier against dumping into the local consumption market.

I think it is equally high time it was realised that without free and unrestricted trade with China in a monetary system basically the same as that of the Chinese, our chief asset, the harbour, would, metaphorically speaking, have no ships, and consequently not even shipyards. Political issues once, not so long ago, gave us a taste of the consequences of absence of trade, and the Colony is not ready to repeat the experience.

This morning's papers contain a declaration by Chinese bankers and also a declaration by the Chairman of a meeting of all bankers held yesterday, and I am content to accept their considered views that return to silver is calculated to benefit the trade of the Colony, which has been my contention all along since the hot months of July.—Yours, etc.,

OBSERVER.

Hongkong, Oct. 23rd, 1929.

Kowloon Point.

Sir,—The rainy season being almost over, bus passengers in Kowloon will not be bothered very much for the next six months on the question of the distance from the Kowloon Star Ferry to the motor bus parking place.

One realizes that the present arrangement is only an experiment and that a permanent scheme for the bus terminus has not yet been decided upon. Before such decision is reached I desire to call attention to the following interesting announcement in a newspaper I have recently received from Home. It is as follows:

"Liverpool Corporation is offering premiums of 1,000 guineas and 500 guineas for the best two competitive designs from architects and others for the improvement of the amenities of the Pierhead. It was originally suggested that the premiums should be 500 guineas and 250 guineas, but at a recent meeting of the Finance Committee of the Liverpool Corporation it was decided that these would not attract the best brains in the country. It is understood that every liberty will be allowed to designers in making their suggestions for an improvement."

Will the Government (or perhaps the K.R.A.) consider offering \$10,000 (or even half that amount) for the best competitive design from architects and others for the improvement of the amenities of what may be described as the Pierhead of Kowloon? I believe it would be money well spent especially if we unfortunate bus passengers who use the buses which are required to park on the most easterly bus lane are provided—under the new scheme—with a covered way.—Yours, etc.,

STAR BUS.

Kowloon, Oct. 23, 1929.

The Very Idea!

Several people have asked me lately what they should do when they are knocked down by motor-cars, says a writer in a Home paper. The correct procedure is as follows:

Rise briskly, remove the hat (if not already removed by violent contact with the road), bow with just a shade of formality and say cordially but withoutunction, "I hope, Sir (or Madam), that I have not damaged your car." There is no need to wait for a reply. Bow again and withdraw.

If you look like an Ambassador or an elderly family solicitor or a pillar of the Church or an irrepressibly avuncular person, and the driver of the car looks like the sort of niece you would like to have (and may have, for all I know), a little expansiveness is permissible. You may lightly stroke the radiator of the car and murmur soothingly, "Poor thing" or "There, there."

"What are the three words most used by boys and girls in school?" asked the father, of his son.

"I don't know," was the reply.

"That's it," said the father. "You've guessed it first time."

Husband at West London: My tongue is as bitter as a serpent's.

Reverler at Highgate: At the police station I was asked to write my name three times and at the first attempt the doctor said, "You ought to have been a clerk."

Clerk at Bromley, Kent: Were you using bad language? Prisoner: I will plead guilty to talking to myself.

Constable at Willesden: The prisoner had a woman's costume in his pocket with a large ticket sticking out which read, "Bargain. Sale ticket, 25s. 11d." When I stopped him he said, "I am unlucky. It is not such a bargain after all."

Whilst a marriage was being performed in Sainte Croix Church, Bordeaux, a large monkey, which had escaped from its owner's house, entered the building and jumped on to the shoulder of the bridegroom's mother. The bride's mother-in-law-to-be gave a loud shriek; and the ceremony was stopped while members of the wedding party chased the monkey. The monkey took refuge in the pulpit. There it was captured by the verger, who restored it to the owner.

A man was passing his fowl house at night, and thought he heard a disturbance. "Is anyone there?" he asked, and a gruff voice replied, "No, only us chickens!"

Mr. Cairns, the Thames Magistrate: People in the East End like their fish, their "taters," and their language strong.

Mr. Dummett, the Marylebone Magistrate: You didn't make yourself particularly pleasing to the constable. Young Woman: Well, no, he wasn't particularly pleasant to know.

WHO WAS? CAPTAIN CUTTLE.

"Train up a fig tree in the way it should grow, and when you are old sit under the shade of it," was one of the sayings of Captain Cuttle, the good-natured old seaman in "Dombey and Son." When his listeners showed astonishment at his amazing quotations, Captain Cuttle would admonish them to search the catchism, and "when found, make a note of."

Charles Dickens never created a more lovable character than this kind-hearted sailor who sheltered and protected Florence Dombey. Under a not very handsome exterior—for his nose was covered all over with warts, and he had a hook where his right hand should have been—the old skipper had a heart of gold. Though not rich in worldly goods he was always anxious to help his friends. When young Walter Gay set off on his travels Captain Cuttle gave him his cherished silver watch, with instructions to put it back half an hour in the morning, and a quarter of an hour in the afternoon.

May we never want a friend, nor a bottle to give him," was his pet phrase, and not all the slings and arrows of fortune could shake his love of his fellow-men. He is one of those rare men whose acquaintance is a never-failing delight, by reason of their child-like sincerity and simple goodness.

**IMPORTANT POINT
RAISED.****BANKING PRACTICE AFFECTED
BY PROSECUTION.****LAWYERS' PROTEST.**

An interesting point concerning ownership in a trade marks case, where the goods in question came into the possession of a third party in the ordinary course of banking business conducted on the security furnished by the goods and attendant bill of lading, was argued at considerable length at the Central Magistracy this morning, before Mr. A. W. G. H. Grantham, of the Ho Hong Bank, of No. 13, Queen's Road Central, was summoned for having in their possession for sale, or for the purposes of trade, 150 cases containing indigo dyes bearing the "Flying Eagle" trade mark belonging to the I. G. Farben Industriell Aktien Gesellschaft, whose trade mark, it is alleged, so closely resembling the trade mark owned by the complainants as to be calculated to deceive.

Mr. H. J. Armstrong, of Messrs. Deacons, appeared for the complainants, who are represented by their agents, the Deutsche Farben Handelsgesellschaft Walbel & Co. The defendants were defended by Mr. M. K. Lo, of Messrs. Lo & Lo.

Revolutionary Change. The case as put forward by Mr. Lo, on behalf of his clients, was that the defendants came into possession of the goods in the course of a well-known and established banking practice. His submission was that the summons was wholly misconceived, and that if it were to succeed it would effect a revolutionary change in the banking practice of the Colony.

As his Worship knew, all over the world it was the established practice of bankers to deal in negotiable instruments, that was to say, they bought these instruments. In the present case, a firm well-known to the Shanghai branch of the Ho Hong Bank had mortgaged 150 cases of indigo with the latter, and the arrangements being to deal with these cases in Hongkong, 100 cases were sent down here, the bill of lading being at the same time sent to the Ho Hong Bank here as security. To say that the Merchandise Ordinance, under which the present summons was brought, applied to a case like that, observed Mr. Lo, was so novel and exceptional that he thought his Worship would like to give a judicial ruling for the sake of the banking practice of the Colony.

Might as Well Close. If his Worship were to hold that the Bank was liable to be prosecuted under that Ordinance, he (Mr. Lo) thought many banks might as well close up shop, as a great deal of their usefulness would be jeopardised in this matter of international practice.

Mr. Armstrong replied that it was ridiculous to suggest that all these other Banks should hold goods of questionable character. He held that, under the Ordinance, the onus was on the Ho Hong Bank to prove that they had taken all reasonable precautions. The goods were deposited in the Kowloon Godowns in the name of the Ho Hong Bank, therefore, they could not possibly say that the goods were not in their possession. It was for his Worship to make an order if he was satisfied that it was an infringement of trade marks rights. The complainants would then take any further action they thought fit with the owners in Shanghai.

Mr. Lo replied that his Worship had not had the right parties before him under the Merchandise Ordinance to make such an order.

Could Be Confiscated.

Mr. Armstrong, quoting the Ordinance, said it was held that if the owners could not be found, the goods could be confiscated. Beyond the question of the goods being found in the circumstances described, he was not concerned with the Ho Hong Bank at all.

Mr. Lo—And I am not concerned with my friend's application against anybody in the world except against the Ho Hong Bank.

The summons was provisionally adjourned until Monday afternoon.

Further cases of one of the favourite pastimes of Chinese youths, namely, riding furiously about the streets on bicycles without lights, were brought before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy this morning, when Traffic-Sergeant Baker prosecuted four Chinese lads. He stated that there were about a dozen cyclists racing about Queen's Road East at a high speed, but the police had only been successful in catching four of them. He emphasised the danger caused to pedestrians by these youths, and the Magistrate fined each \$10 or eight strokes.

It is understood that Mr. R. Dormer who has been in Hospital suffering from an attack of typhoid, will be leaving for home next month by the P. & O. Macedonia.

**DEERS' TAILS AS
MEDICINE!****STORY OF SYSTEMATIC FRAUD
BY COOLIE.****SIX-MONTH SENTENCE.**

How a coolie succeeded in obtaining money and medicine, and disposed of the latter by means of false pretences was related to Mr. A. W. G. H. Grantham at the Central Magistracy this morning when Chui Ping-lung was charged with obtaining \$15.10 and \$3.15 from the Wing Tak haberdashery shop, of 188, Hollywood Road, and the Hop Fung haberdashery shop, of 205, Hollywood Road, by means of false pretences on various dates between September 3rd and September 24th. Accused was further charged with obtaining, between October 15th and October 17th, a quantity of deer-tail medicine valued at \$131.26 from Leung Kwan-po, master of the Ming Tai tea firm, of 98, Connaught Road West, by representing himself to have been sent by the master of the Dor Po Shop, of 4, Connaught Road West, to collect the said medicine.

Sub-Inspector M. Flattery prosecuted and stated that until September 24th, the defendant had been employed for four years at the Dor Po joss-stick shop, as a coolie. On that date he absconded and the following day the accountant of the firm, named Li Chung, became suspicious and visited several customers, to discover that the defendant had collected eighteen small amounts, totalling \$71.52, and had given receipts for them.

That had been going on since March last, but no report was made to the police and no warrant was issued. On the 15th and 17th of October, defendant went to the shop of a friend of his former master named Leung Kwan-po, to obtain deer-tail medicine valued at \$131.26. Each of those two visits was preceded by a telephone call purporting to come from defendant's former master.

The tricks were discovered on October 21st and later that day Li Chung, accountant of the tea shop mentioned, was walking in Des Voeux Road Central, near the Empress Hotel, when he saw the defendant and caused his arrest to be made by a District watchman. After the arrest, the accused took the police to The Yin Lung Hong medicine shop at 126, Jervois Street and to the Pak On Tong medicine shop at 76, Bonham Strand West, to whom he had sold the medicine. These firms admitted purchasing the goods and said they had no reason to suspect the defendant. The first shop paid him \$25.20 for two pieces of the tail and the second firm \$28.45 for a similar quantity.

Defendant pleaded guilty in Court and was sentenced to six months' hard labour on each charge, to run consecutively.

**COMMAND OF ARMY
IN INDIA.****SIR PHILIP CHETWODE GIVEN
APPOINTMENT.****SUCCEEDS NEXT YEAR.**

London, Oct. 22. The King has approved the appointment of General Sir Philip Chetwode to be Commander-in-Chief in India in succession to Field-Marshal Sir William Birdwood.

With His Majesty's approval, the Secretary for India has invited Sir William Birdwood who will complete five years' tenure of the appointment on August 6th, 1930, to serve for a further period of three months from that date.

General Sir Philip Chetwode has been Chief of the General Staff in India since 1928, immediately prior to which he was G. O. C. Aldershot Command.

During the early days of the war he commanded the 5th Cavalry Brigade, being wounded in 1915, and later returning to the front as commander of the 2nd Cavalry Division. He was promoted Major-General for distinguished service.

He was given command of an Army Corps in 1917 when sent to Palestine to assist Allenby in the campaign against the Turks, for his services in which he was mentioned in despatches on eleven occasions.

Field-Marshal Sir William Birdwood was in supreme command of the Anzacs in France during the war.

Arrested in possession of 25 catties of wild green trees reasonably suspected of having been cut from the Government plantations, a Chinese, on conviction, was fined \$25 or three weeks' hard labour by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

**OPIUM SMUGGLING
TACTICS.****CHILDREN BEING EMPLOYED
AS CARRIERS.****SEARCH UNLIKELY.**

A thirteen-year-old Chinese appeared before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on a charge of being in possession of 7.5 taels of raw opium in Pei Ho Street, Shamshui-po. The defendant pleaded guilty and said that the drug was given to him to carry by a man who had promised to pay him for the trouble.

When asked what made the constable suspicious, Sub-Inspector Hoare replied that the police had information that children were being engaged to carry opium, as there was less chance of them being searched. The defendant told the police that he was unemployed with no fixed abode, but the police did not believe him as he was too respectably dressed and too well cared for to be a street sleeper.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$225, or ten strokes of the cane in default.

A Chinese arrested in Ta Tit Street, Kowloon City, with a package of prepared opium in his possession was fined \$50 or three weeks while a man found in possession of five mace of raw opium in Tai Kok Tsun Kowloon City was fined \$15 or 15 days' hard labour.

At the Central Magistracy, before Mr. E. W. Hamilton, this morning, three Chinese women were charged on remand with having in their possession 61 taels of illicit opium. The first defendant was also charged with dealing in raw opium, but the summons against the third woman was withdrawn.

Mr. B. C. K. Hawkins prosecuted and said that when the third floor of 61, Queen's Road Central was raided, one of the prisoners was found with two taels in her possession, another with letters, whilst 59 taels were discovered underneath the skylight.

Revenue Officer Grimmer gave corroborative evidence, and Mr. A. E. Hall, who defended, questioned the admissibility of the letters.

The case was adjourned until 10.30 a.m. on Friday.

EXCHANGE RATES.

London, Oct. 22.	
Paris	123.65
New York	4.87 25/32
Brussels	34.885
Geneva	25.18
Amsterdam	12.164
Milan	93.125
Berlin	20.405
Copenhagen	18.155
Oslo	18.205
Vienna	34.695
Prague	164.4
Helsingfors	294
Madrid	33.825
Lisbon	108.25
Athens	375
Bucharest	375
Rio	5.54
Buenos Aires	464
Bombay	1/5 27/32
Shanghai	2/2 1/4
Hong Kong	1/8 1/4
Yokohama	1/11 17/32
Silver (spot)	22 15/16
Silver (forward)	23 1/10

—British Wireless.

Sentence of twelve strokes of the cane was imposed by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on a Chinese boy, who was charged with picking the pocket of a man in the Hungnam Market.

**BROKEN PROMISE
PROBLEM.****RULED NOT TO BE FALSE
PRETENCES.****DANGER OTHERWISE.**

That a promise which was not fulfilled did not constitute false pretences was pointed out by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when Sub-Inspector James charged a Chinese on two counts of obtaining money by false pretences to recover two children who had been kidnapped.

His Worship remarked that a breach of contract did not amount to false pretences, and said that if charges of obtaining money by false pretences were going to be brought against people who made promises which they could not fulfil, it would be dangerous.

Sub-Inspector James said that the defendant made a definite promise in the first case that he was in touch with all the kidnappers of the New Territories and could recover a child who had been kidnapped. The parties went to the Railway Station with the intention of taking the train, but the defendant decamped after the train fare had been handed to him.

His Worship intimated that he thought a charge of larceny by trick would cover the case, and on Sub-Inspector James mentioning that he would require a remand, his Worship suggested that the prosecutor take legal advice about framing the charges.

The case was adjourned till next Wednesday for hearing on the afternoon of November 14.

**ALLEGED KOWLOON
ASSAULT.****MAGISTRATE FIXES DATE
FOR HEARING.**

Mention was made before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, of an assault alleged to have taken place in Cameron Road where three girls were stated to have attacked a fourth.

Elizabeth Mendonca, residing at No. 16, Sha Po Road, Kowloon City, appeared as the complainant against Edwarda Kinolo and Bella Kinolo, of No. 19, Pilkem Street, and Carlotta Young, of No. 21, Pilkem Street.

Mr. J. M. Remedios was instructed to prosecute, while Mr. F. C. E. Rendall has been engaged by the defendants.

The case was fixed for hearing on November 13.

WEATHER REPORT.

The Royal Observatory reports that the anticyclone is now central over South Manchuria. The typhoon remains to the east of Luzon and appears to be moving slowly northward. Fresh monsoon will prevail along the southeast coast of China and over the North China Sea. The forecast till noon to-morrow is:—N.E. winds, fresh; cloudy.

The Bishop of Victoria has left for a Confirmation tour in the Pakhoi and Yunnan districts and expects to be absent until November 21st. During his absence the Very Rev. the Dean will act as his Commissary for English work and the Venerable Archdeacon Mok as Commissary for Chinese work.



"It don't hurt the big merchants—it's us little fellers that suffer."

**SAVAGE ATTACK
ON BRITON.****DETAILS OF THE RECENT
PEKING OUTRAGE.****MR. HALE'S INJURIES.**

Northern papers to hand give details of the affair in which Mr. B. C. Hale, resident agent of Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son in Peking, and formerly on the Hongkong staff of the Company, was the victim of a savage attack by a mob of ricksha coolies. During the affair, Mr. Hale was badly kicked and mauled, hurled down the steps of the east entrance to the Peking Hotel and might have fared even worse had not Mr. Rouston, manager of the hotel, rushed to his rescue.

Guide Starts Trouble.

The affair had its beginning in the alleged defalcation of a tourist guide who was given \$20 as advance expenses in conducting a small party of Americans about the city and district. The money was to pay for transportation by motor car and ricksha and as entrance charges to various places of interest.

In the evening the guide failed to give an accounting for the money and Mr. Hale told him he was suspending pending an investigation. Meanwhile, he called the man's father, also a guide, to continue charge of the tourists.

Payment Demanded.

Three days later, when the elder guide arrived at the Peking Hotel, where Messrs. Cook and Co. have their offices, Mr. Hale directed him to take charge of two American tourists. The visitors were conducted down to the rickshas by the guide but the pullers declared they had not been paid the previous day and demanded a settlement.

The guide went back to the Cook offices and reported the situation to Mr. Hale who thereupon went down the steps to try and straighten out the difficulty. In order to get the tourists on their way preparatory to settling the controversy, he told them to get into other rickshas close by, which they did, together with the guide.

Attack Commences.

Thereupon the other ricksha coolies, allegedly directed by the No. 1 of that stand, laid hold of the new rickshas and refused to permit passage.

Mr. Hale took one of the protesting coolies to his office, and there explained that the matter of payment lay between the two guides inasmuch as the Company already had settled the claims the previous day.

While this argument was in progress a crowd of twenty or thirty ricksha boys appeared in the office of the Company and started to make a scene. Mr. Hale came from behind the counter and herded them towards the door. He followed them to the outer entrance, deserted by this time by the Kaimendi, and there the ricksha boys fell on the foreigner, severely beat him, threw him down the steps and were dragging him towards the short cut to Morrison Street, Mr. Hale the while putting up a stout resistance, when Mr. Rouston came along and assisted at rescue work.

The attack is all the more unexplainable because Mr. Hale is of a very kindly and friendly disposition and is not at all regarded as likely to give affront to anyone. Police arrived on the scene in due course and took the No. 1 ricksha coolie into custody for examination by Mr. Han, superintendent of Morrison Street police station, an arbitrator with the full confidence of foreigners.

**COUNCIL MEETING
TO-MORROW.****NINE ORDINANCES TO BE
CONSIDERED.**

The Legislative Council meets to-morrow afternoon, when the Attorney General will move the first reading of the following Bills:

An Ordinance to make provisions with respect to the British Mercantile Marine Uniform.

An Ordinance to amend the Uniforms Ordinance, 1895.

An Ordinance to amend the Protection of Women and Girls Ordinance, 1897.

An Ordinance to amend the Female Domestic Service Ordinance, 1923.

An Ordinance to amend the Watchmen Ordinance, 1923.

An Ordinance to amend the Industrial Employment of Children Ordinance, 1922.

The Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton will move the first reading of an Ordinance to provide for the incorporation of the Trustees of the Chater Masonic Scholarship Fund.

The Attorney General will move the second reading of an Ordinance to amend further the Distress for Rent Ordinance, 1883, and an Ordinance to amend the Police Force Ordinance, 1900.

To Our Valued Clientele—

In spite of the possibility of a further decline in the Dollar Value, our financial arrangements for the Season preclude the necessity of raising prices.

When our present Stocks are exhausted it will be impossible to replace at the Prices Marked To-day. This applies particularly to proprietary lines such as—"Beetle" and "Keltie" Shoes, Glyn's Hats, "Jaeger" Wear etc.

To ensure your taking advantage of receiving the benefit of our foresight, we advise an early visit.

Complete Stocks of Autumn and Winter Goods now showing.

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Gloves, Handkerchiefs,
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Quite the Latest Styles for
the coming Autumn Season.

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Masterpiece worthy of an Edgar Allan Poe!

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"THE UNKNOWN MURDERER"

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INDIAN IS FOUND. "NOT GUILTY."

(Continued from Page 1.)

then those previous incidents occurred while complainant's father-in-law was residing at the house in the next room.

Possibly Blackmail.

Accused had said he entered complainant's room at night with her consent and that she admitted him. He produced to her a piece of a banknote and made a demand on her for money, possibly some kind of blackmail, in connexion with legal proceedings. He had further said that he was not given the money and complainant let him out of the house; that he made his report to the police on the following morning. His story was that he threatened to report the matter of the burning of bank notes to the police unless he was paid.

His Lordship asked whether that, or something like it, was the only thing that happened on the occasion? If, prisoner made the demand for money he might have assaulted the woman or terrorised her in order to get her to give him money. He might have further terrorised her by threatening to go to the children's room. His threats were not successful and he went away.

His Lordship suggested it was quite possible the real fact was that something like that was the only thing which occurred on the night in question and the charge brought by the woman, as counsel had said, was a counter-charge to divert police attention from searching for forged bank notes; that the man's statement he was intimate with complainant on several occasions was also a counter-charge to damage her reputation. It was possible that neither of the parties was speaking the truth when they said they were intimate.

His Lordship added he did not say that was his view but he did suggest they should not regard any ground as being "firm ground" but must consider the whole of the evidence completely.

Woman's Evidence.

His Lordship went on to deal with the woman's evidence from which it appeared there was nothing between the household and the Indian guards except squabbling over rice and firewood. She had said she had no particular communication with accused at any time before the alleged incident of the charge. The guards were not accustomed to going into the house except occasionally to use the telephone. Her statement was that the house was locked up at twelve midnight on August 30, the only access being a door in the roof. Her father-in-law had left on August 29.

Complainant made no attempt to call for assistance of any kind although assistance was in the next room where the houseboy was sleeping. Unless the woman's story carried overwhelming conviction that she was speaking the truth then it was not safe to convict on her evidence.

The rule of law was that when a woman brought a charge of rape it must be corroborated and her *bona fides* must be established by all the surrounding circumstances. Complainant's *bona fides* were established in various ways. Firstly, immediately after the incident she told her houseboy of what had happened. Secondly, she related what had happened to the first police officer who arrived. She further stated she told the landlord, although that man had not been before the Court, and she made a further report later in the day to Mr. Murphy, A.S.P. She had told her story from the beginning and adhered to it in the present Court without any alteration or inconsistency.

Accused's Version.

Speaking with regard to accused's story, his Lordship said on August 31 at 9 a.m. he proceeded to Central Police Station and took with him certain pieces of paper which the jury had seen. He saw an Indian Sub-Inspector and made a report to him, when he produced several pieces of paper, although police officers said only one piece of paper was produced. Accused asked to be transferred and the report was taken to Sub-Inspector Fraser. His Lordship added he took it the report tended to show that forged bank notes were kept in the house. However, accused was detained and the police visited the house. They heard the woman's complaint and disregarded entirely the complaint originally made by accused. The Crown Solicitor had said, and it was perfectly true that whatever view might be taken as to whether accused was examined by the police inspector as to the production or non-production of the pieces of paper, it did not affect the amount of credibility of their evidence. His Lordship did think, however, that if those pieces of paper had been carefully assembled to find out to how many notes they belonged, and if an immediate search of the house had been made to see if there were

ITALIAN PROTEST TO JUGO-SLAVIA.

PRESS COMMENT ON SENTENCES RESENTED.

Belgrade, Oct. 22.

The newspaper *Politika* understands that the Italian Legation has presented to the Foreign Ministry two Notes protesting, firstly, against the comments in the *Jugo-Slave Press* on the sentences imposed on students by a special Italian tribunal for firing at voters at the last General Election; and, secondly, against the alleged assault on two Italian sailors at Gruz. — *Reuter*.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

TRIAL GAME ON CLUB
GROUND TO-DAY.

There will be a trial game on the Club ground to-day at 5 p.m. sharp. The teams will be as follows:
Colours: Back, S. J. H. Fox; Threequarters, L. Goldman, M. D. Scott, H. V. Koop, G. P. Lammer; Half-backs, F. W. Wood, W. L. Staslow; Forwards, D. L. Mine Day, A. D. Sutill, R. P. Moodie, J. E. Henry, S. A. Gregory, Burnell, B. Sampson, V. R. Gordon.
Club Colours: Back, R. J. Grieve; Threequarters, A. D. Coppin, C. J. D. Law, I. A. Ross, Ferguson; Half-backs, M. G. Mills, J. D. A. Hutchison; Forwards, S. Dale, L. Swayne, W. E. Peers, E. R. West, N. S. Lee, W. R. Gammell, J. A. E. Kendrew, B. P. Massey.

LOCAL HOCKEY.

The following team will represent the Y. M. C. A. Hockey Club in their match to-morrow evening at King's Park versus the Club de Recreio 2nd; bully-off 5 p.m.—Messrs. Sapsed; Allen, Jeffreys; Snelling, Sewell, Mundy; Tate, A. R. Brown, Samson, W. H. Smith and G. Mitchell.

A friendly match has been arranged for Saturday next at King's Park between members of the Hongkong Ladies' Hockey Club and the Y. M. C. A. It will consist of mixed teams drawn from the following ladies and gentlemen:—The Misses F. Cousins, E. O'Hagen, D. Robertson, E. Bell, M. McCabe, B. Liang, N. McNeillie, C. Bell, M. Hansen, D. Stanton, A. T. Cressey, M. Wallace, M. Bird, B. Taylor and Messrs. R. W. Sapsed, A. R. Brown, T. J. Price, W. H. Smith, A. Tate, F. W. R. Allen, W. Snelling, F. G. Atyes and W. Borrowman. Bully-off at 3.30 p.m.

LEAGUE CRICKET.

UNIVERSITY SECONDS TO
MEET ROYAL ENGINEERS.

The following have been chosen to represent the University in a second division League match against the Royal Engineers and Signals at Pokfulam on Saturday, at 2 p.m.—F. Hiptoola (Capt.), A. A. Aziz, K. T. Loke, G. E. Yeoh, K. P. Gan, C. Candah, R. Rodrigues, P. L. Tan, H. E. M. Adams, A. T. Normanboy, and Ng Kam-Soc.

Yim Yat-hong (55), the murderer of a compatriot named Lo Kau, in a house in Second Street, West Point, who was sentenced to death at the September Criminal Sessions, was hanged at Victoria Gaol yesterday morning. It will be recalled that the accused pleaded guilty and refused to alter his plea when urged by the Chief Justice to do so, and when the death sentence was pronounced, remarked, "Never mind, I don't mind dying." The usual inquest was held by Mr. A. W. G. H. Grantham and a jury. Dr. Cannon, Victoria Gaol Medical Officer, who was present at the execution, said that death was due primarily to "judicial hanging," and secondly, to asphyxia and fracture and dislocation of the neck. A verdict accordingly was returned.

The Glen Line offices in Messrs. Jardine Matheson and Co's. building in Pedder Street will shortly be occupied by the Swatow Laco Company, who now carry on business at 21 Queen's Road Central. The slight alterations required for converting the offices into a shop are being made and will be completed shortly. The Glen Line have gone into the main offices of Messrs. Jardine Matheson, their local agents.

other proofs of a similar nature, there might have been an explanation.

The Verdict.

His Lordship went on to deal with accused's story in detail, pointing out that whilst the complainant had told only one story, the accused had told two. The jury returned a unanimous verdict of "Not guilty," after half an hour's deliberation. There was some quickly-stifled applause from spectators in the body of the Court as the decision was interpreted to the defendant, who was accordingly discharged. His Lordship thanked the jury for considering the evidence with such care.

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CLEVER ARTISTES.

RUTH VAN VALEY COMPANY
MAKE BIG HIT.

Every available seat was occupied at the Star Theatre last night when the Ruth Van Valey Company of American artistes gave a most bright and varied vaudeville show. Before the rise of the curtain, it was announced that the principal member of the Company, Ruth van Valey, was unable to appear owing to indisposition, and although it was disappointing that the "star" should be absent, the other members quickly established the fact that they were entertainers of considerable ability.

As a comedian, Rex Storey, proved himself to be not only delightfully humorous, but exceedingly clever, and whenever he was on the stage, the audience was kept in a constant state of laughter. The "Juggling Jester" was another clever act, while the singing, dancing and playing by the other members reached a high standard. The whole show was thoroughly enjoyable, and in many ways provided novelties rarely seen in this Colony. The further announcement that the Company would return here for a short season after their Manila engagement was met with enthusiastic applause, and it is safe to predict that there will be a big demand for seats.

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By a score of scientific tests this new product establishes itself as probably the greatest improvement ever made in writing fluids. Washable Skip for school and special work demonstrates a smooth and brilliant colour, yet washes out of clothing easily. Permanent Skip, for record work, tenaciously holds its legibility. Both flow freely and evenly at all times, without flooding, dry quickly on the paper, but will not dry on the pen point or clog the flow. See that your fountain-pen is given a chance to use this great fluid. Skip makes all pens write better and the Lifetime pen writes best. Try it today.

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THE SHINING TALENT.

By Eleanor Early.

CHAPTER XXIII.

The reviewers were unanimously enthusiastic.

The most critical of them opined that there is more dramatic life in Molly Burnham's "Death of Delphine Darrows" than in nineteenth-century dramas of realism.

It has the pungent odour of actuality. "It has a pulse that gallops." "Hard-boiled relief from all the sweet-pie stuff in town," announced another. "A melodrama of blood and sex. Raw emotions and naked truth. It may offend your sensibilities, but it will give you a great kick."

And so they went. Not a line of adverse criticism.

"Molly Burnham writes like a veteran," declared a conservative sheet, commenting editorially. "It is almost inconceivable to imagine a girl of her age dealing with sin as served in 'The Death of Delphine Darrows.' Last and chicanery, intrigue and murder—and the Seven Deadly Sins." Miss Burnham is in her early twenties, and a model of propriety. She does not drink or smoke.

There was more to the same effect.

Every paper in New York had reviewed the play, and many of them had referred to it in their news sections. Molly's picture was in five papers, and the story of Delphine and the shooting was told in all but one.

After the party, the Darrows took her in their car to her hotel. It was three o'clock, and Molly knew that she must be up early, to see her father and mother. But she felt that it would be a mistake to disturb her mother at that hour. She sent a boy for all the papers, and when they came she read again and again the words that were more precious to her than rubies or diamonds.

"I'll clip the most dignified ones, and give them to Mother," she decided. "And trust to luck that she won't see those that call a spade a spade and worse!"

She was about to step into the elevator when she saw her father, enthroned on a damask cushion, reading a newspaper in a comfortable armchair.

"Dad," she exclaimed. "What are you doing?"

"Reading my favourite authors," he told her. "All these smart fellows that have been writing nice things about my little girl."

"Wouldn't Mother let you look at them, upstairs?"

"Your Mother's all upset, child. She's got to sleep now, and I didn't want to disturb her."

"Let's come up to my room," she suggested. "And talk."

But her father shook his head. "I'd better go sit with Mother," he said. "She'd be real worried if she woke up and found me gone. You got to be patient with your mother, Molly. She's like a hen that's hatched a swan, and she don't know what it's all about."

"But anybody'd think, Dad, that I'd done the most dreadful thing! Goodness, most mothers would be glad if their daughters—"

"I know, Molly. I know. Mother's a mite set in her ideas. She'll come round all right after awhile."

"Well, I don't care whether she does or not. As long as you and Jack don't think I've disgraced the proud old family name—by the way, Daddy, what did you think of Jack?"

"A mighty fine boy, Molly. A mighty fine boy. There's nothing I'd like better than to see you married and settled down with a nice young man like him."

Molly laughed happily. "You and me both, Dad," she declared. "I wish you'd come up, and let me tell you about him."

Mr. Burnham looked sadly up the elevator shaft, and his thoughts presumably were with his slumbering wife.

"I'd like to," he sighed, "but I don't know as I'd better. You run along and see your mother and me, we'll see you by and by. You're looking awful pretty, Molly."

He patted her hair with his big hand. "That little cap you had on to-night was real cute. And your dress is beautiful. I don't know what they'd say in Snodgrass, if they could get a look at you."

"Do you miss me, Dad?" she asked.

"Now, Molly," he declared, "what I want is that you should do just as you think best. Your mother and me, we had you when you was a little and helpless. It's right and proper, now you're out of the nest, you should try your own wings. And if they're strong enough to let you fly, Molly, we'll be right proud of our little girl."

"Aren't you proud of me now, Daddy?"

Mr. Burnham hesitated. "You must have written an awful good play," he answered, "because all the men that write for the papers say so. And I guess they ought to know, it being their business. I guess I'm just old-fashioned, Molly—O."

"Then you didn't like it?" she demanded.

"Oh, I liked it," he insisted. "It was exciting. Molly. Oh, couldn't you write something... something... a little mite prettier?" he finished.

"Why, Daddy, of course I could!" she cried. "If it would please you, I know I could."

"It would please your mother too," he declared placatingly. "And your young man too."

"Then Jack didn't like it either?"

"Now, Molly," he protested, "I didn't say that. I only sort of guessed that maybe he wasn't one of your slick city boys. I thought maybe he was a little mite old-fashioned."

"I guess you're right, Dad. I guess perhaps I'm old-fashioned too."

"You old-fashioned!" he cried. "Underneath, I mean," she told him. "Underneath my chatter, and my make-up, and all my smart new city tricks."

Her father looked at her adoringly.

"Don't you stay up any longer now," he said. "Go to bed, as a sheet, and your eyes got to be black circles round them. It's been a great night for you, Molly, and a proud day for us all. What you need now is a good night's sleep. Will you stay in bed to-night, to please your old father?"

"I think it would be a fine notion," she agreed. "I'll tell them at the desk that I don't want to be disturbed. The paper will be phoned in for me in the morning. I'll be sure to get interviews for a few days. What time are you and Mother going, Dad?"

"I'll take a train at two o'clock," he declared.

"Then I'll leave you. I don't want to be a bother. Will you come to my room this time, and we'll have breakfast together?"

"I'll tell Mother," he promised. "Now you go to bed, Molly."

They went up in the elevator, and when they reached Molly's floor, her father kissed her. Awkwardly, tenderly.

"Until morning, Dad," she said. "But in the morning, when Molly wakes up, her father and mother were on the way home. They had left a note, saying that her mother was ill, and that they thought it best to return to San Francisco immediately. It was a polite, distant note, written in her mother's firm hand. They hoped she would come to see them soon. She would always be welcome. Might success crown all her efforts. "But a good name," reminded her mother sentimentally, "is rather to be chosen than great riches." And "he that maketh haste to be rich shall not be innocent."

Under her mother's upright signature, there was a careless scrawl: "Lots of love—Dad."

"He knew last night that Mother was dragging him back today," decided Molly, and he didn't want to upset me. Dear old dad."

She wondered if he had always been so subservient to her mother's whims. She tried to imagine them when they were young, and maddly in love. And she wondered if they had been deliciously worshipping, one of the other. It seemed to her that any girl could have loved her father when he was young. He must have been so big and strong. And handsome too, in a wholesome, country way.

Then she visioned her mother, still in whalebone and steel. And she wondered that her father had not married, instead, some little, clinging girl.

"And if he had," she reflected, "I'd be nine-tenths another to one-tenth me."

Molly realized that it was from her mother she had inherited her tenacity of purpose, and her determination to succeed. From her darling, vacillating father she seemed to have inherited nothing at all.

The telephone interrupted her meditations.

"It's after 11 o'clock, Miss Burnham, and there are a number of reporters waiting to see you."

"I'll be ready in 15 minutes," she said. "Tell them to come up then."

She kicked the newspapers in the closet. She wouldn't have anyone say of her that she was gloating over the reviews. There was someone knocking at the door already. A boy with flowers. She opened them hurriedly, poking among roses and orchids for cards.

Jack's card. In the fifth box she found it, tucked among the sweet, hard buds of crimson roses.

"I love you always," it said. Not a thing about seeing her.

"The idea!" she fumed. "I'll phone him the minute the reporters go."

CHENGCHOW FALL REPORTED.

(Continued from Page 1.)

issued by the Nanking Government for his arrest, but the Tientsin garrison, under the command of Yen Hsi-shan, has made no attempt to put it into effect and this is interpreted in some quarters as proof of Yen Hsi-shan's sympathy towards the Kuominchun revolt.

Marshal Chiang Kai-shek, President of the National Government and C.I.C. of the Central Government Armies, has left for Hankow. Hundreds of staff officers and body guards boarded the steamer at about three o'clock in the afternoon.

Chiang Denounces Yen Hsi-shan.

Shanghai, Oct. 22.

It is reported that the Kuominchun captured Fancheng in Hupoh on October 19.

The vernacular papers state that Marshal Chiang Kai-shek has wired General Chang Hsueh-liang stating that Yen Hsi-shan must have had advance information regarding the Kuominchun outbreak and instead of suppressing it, he has made the absurd suggestion of mediation, thereby placing the Central Government on the same level as the North-western Generals.

Chiang Kai-shek is reported to have added, "I have decided on military action with the view to securing a fundamental solution of the situation."—*Reuter*.

Battle Raging.

Hankow, Oct. 22.

According to an official wireless, a battle is raging in the vicinity of Jiumwang on the Langhai Railway between the followers of Tang Seng-chi and those of Sun Liang-chun, but no details of the fighting are given.

It is stated that Hsi-shihkuang, where hostilities first broke out, is at present in the hands of the Kuominchun troops from the Hsi River district, and the state of that sector continues quiet.

Meanwhile the transportation of reinforcements for the front continues, the latest being troops of Asia Taping, who hitherto have been enroute to Wuhan, so that the Wuhan cities at present are practically denuded of troops.—*Reuter*.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

CABLED QUOTATIONS FROM NEW YORK.

The following quotations as at the close of the market on Tuesday have been received from their correspondents Messrs. Hayden, Stone and Co., of New York, by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson and Fritz, Sassoon House, Shanghai, (cable address: "Swanstock" (Shanghai), who are not responsible for the cable quotations.

Previous	Latest	Price	Price
Amazonda Copper	107	108	
Bethlehem Steel	110	109	
Chrysler Corp. (Common)	54	52	
General Motors	60	60	
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	97	98	
Granby Consolidated	78	80	
International Cement	62	61	
Missouri Pacific (Common)	90	92	
Liggett and Myers (B)	101	102	
Nevada Consolidated	41	43	
Copper Corporation of America (Common)	76	78	
Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey	42	42	
Standard Oil Co. of New York	138	138	
Southern Pacific	62	62	
Texas Corporation	211	212	
United States Steel	219	219	
Vacuum Oil	111	119	

WARSHIPS IN PORT.

Basin.—H.M.S. Ships Tamar, Tarantula and Submarines L27, L23, L2. North Arm.—H.M.S. Ships Marazion and Seraph.

West Wall.—H.M.S. Berwick. In Dock.—H.M.S. Titania, Submarines L15, and L20.

Foreign Men of War.—U.S. Destroyers Whipple, John Edwards, Hart and Rizal; U.S. G.B. Helena; Italian G.B. Sebastiano Caboto; French G.B. Vigilante; Chinese G.B. Namsang.

"What are you going to do now?" one of the reporters wanted to know. "You're not engaged, are you?"

"I don't know," she admitted. "You don't know?"

"Well, I'm not sure," she parried, laughing at their amazement. "Who is it?" he demanded. "The chap who collaborated with you on the play? What's his name?"

"Oh, goodness! Please don't drag Red into it."

Now, Molly, being a newspaper woman, should have known better. The afternoon papers carried headlines. And it was really her own fault.

"Molly Burnham Engaged," they proclaimed.

"Girl Playwright To Wed Newspaper Man," Romance of Boston Girl, Reads Like Best Seller." (To be Continued.)



your first need is a gentle cleansing of the system by means of a good mild laxative. Nothing better answers this description than Pinkettes, the dainty little liver and intestinal regulators.

PINKETTES

quickly relieve colds, dispel constipation, banish bilious attacks, sick headaches, liveriness, clear the complexion, purify the breath. Sold by chemists everywhere at 50 cents per tin.

AGED COOLIE GETS SIX MONTHS.

BEEN LET OFF LIGHTLY IN THE PAST.

"Oh, my goodness!" exclaimed Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when a 62-year-old coolie appeared before the Court and pleaded guilty to a charge of theft of an earthenware jar from the Wong Wo Sun Distillery of Cheung Sha Wan.

The defendant had been sentenced to imprisonment on no fewer than seven previous occasions.

His Worship remarked that the defendant was probably a Hongkong-born man, but what he could not understand was that all the sentences were seven days and fourteen days.

Sub-inspector Hoare replied that when such sentence was imposed the Magistrate had probably not seen the man's record.

His Worship pointed out that except for the first conviction in 1919 all the sentences were for unlawful possession, the first conviction being for larceny.

"I don't know why his sentences have been so light," remarked his Worship. "This is his eighth sentence and I am going to make it six months' hard labour."

PIRACY CHARGE DROPPED.

ROBBERY AND KIDNAPPING INSTEAD.

In substitution of the charge of piracy against three Chinese, Sub-inspector Dorrington before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning handed in charges of robbery in British waters, and kidnapping. The case concerned an outrage on board a salt junk in 1927 and was originally thought to have been committed in Chinese waters.

Sub-inspector Dorrington mentioned that he now had the owner of the junk, and when shown the spot where the junk was first alleged to have been boarded by the defendants it was found to be well within British waters and not in Chinese waters as at first stated.

The charge of piracy was therefore withdrawn and a charge of robbery substituted, with an additional count of kidnapping.

The case was adjourned for one week formally, for hearing on October 31 and November 1.

SON BEATS MOTHER.

SENT TO PRISON FOR THREE MONTHS.

A son who beat his mother earned a severe reproof from the First Magistrate (Mr. E. W. Hamilton) this morning with assault.

Giving evidence, the old woman stated that her son beat her with a piece of firewood because she had no money to give him. It was his custom to come to her for money with which to buy opium, he being an addict to the habit.

His Worship (to defendant):—I should give you two dozens of the "cat." Unfortunately it is not within my power to do that. A young like you, grafting on your mother's money, smoking opium, and you actually struck an old woman like that? You go to prison with hard labour for three months.

His Worship observed that the defendant's act, bad enough as it was from the European point of view, was abnormal from the point of view of the Chinese.

Karachi, Oct. 22.

Troops were called out to deal with disturbances in connexion with a strike of seven hundred dockers, demanding shorter hours. They ejected the strikers from premises on the wharf where they were threatening loyal workers.—*Reuter*.

BANKS.

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General Exchange and Banking Business transacted. Loans and overdrafts granted on approved security. Current and Fixed Deposit accounts opened.

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Wm. J. WADSWORTH, Acting Manager.

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Hongkong, 28th May, 1920.

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HOMWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.

From Hongkong

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S.S. "UMZUMBI" Sails from Calcutta 3rd Nov.

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Agents—**JAVA CHINA JAPAN LINE.**

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A TEA PARTY.**LOCAL HINDOO ASSOCIATION'S ENJOYABLE FUNCTION**

A tea party was given in honour of Mr. Lalchand Wattanmal at the Peninsula Hotel roof garden on Monday under the auspices of the Hindoo Association, when Mr. R. Soonderam, the president, took the chair. A large number of guests attended, and were received by Mr. V. Shewaram and Mr. T. A. Mahtani. The chairman in welcoming the guests of honour said the Association had given the party as a token of its gratitude to Mr. Lalchand for his valuable help and assistance rendered to the Association and its members. Mr. Lalchand had been successful in raising a large sum of money from neighbouring ports and places for the Cemetery Fund of the Association, and had been the means of promoting friendship and co-operation between the Association and its members and similar organizations in other places. They wished him luck and success in his enterprises and hoped to be able to welcome him back in a short time.

Mr. G. P. Daswani, in the vernacular, spoke very highly of Mr. Lalchand Wattanmal.

Mr. Lalchand Wattanmal suitably responded in a few words.

Mr. V. Rupchand said it gave him great pleasure to thank the chairman for so ably presiding over the enjoyable gathering, and they all wished that he would long be spared to take an active part in the work of the community in the Colony.

Mr. T. A. Mahtani closed the proceedings with a few words thanking the gentlemen present for their attendance.

KWANGTUNG FINANCE.**TWO RESIGNATIONS REPORTED.**

Canton, Oct. 22. According to a reported press interview, Mr. Fan Ki-mo, the Finance Commissioner, said that he had telegraphed his resignation to the Ministry of Finance yesterday, asking to be relieved of his substantive and concurrent posts. The reason for his action, Mr. Fan explained, was due to the fact that the military expenses since the Kwangtung uprising have amounted to \$5,000,000 this month, and that the collection of the provincial taxes cannot meet the demand on the Treasury; hence he would retire in favour of anyone who could solve the financial problem.

Mr. Chau Man-cho, the manager of the Central Bank, informed one of the pressmen that he had tendered his resignation before the present trouble, but he felt he could not retire until some measure had been adopted for the redemption of the banknotes.

Mr. Chau continued that his position during the present war has been a most difficult one to maintain. The demand for military requirements is always pressing, and to render things doubly hard for him is the fact that the military officers insist on coins in preference to banknotes. When he cannot satisfy this demand, the blame is on him. Hence, officials holding financial posts are unwilling to continue under such unenviable circumstances. This is one of the reasons that have induced both Mr. Fan and himself to resign from their respective posts.—Canton News Agency.

ELECTRIC LIGHT.**JUBILEE COMMEMORATION IN AMERICA.**

Dearborn, Oct. 22. President Hoover dedicated the Edison Institute of Technology, established in honour of the fiftieth anniversary of the discovery of electric light.

Mr. Edison in the evening reconstructed in his old laboratory his epoch-making filament lamp in the presence of a small party, including Mr. and Mrs. Hoover and Mr. Henry Ford.

Afterwards a great jubilee banquet was held in Independence Hall, at which Mr. Hoover and Mr. Edison spoke. Messages from Einstein, Commander Byrd (in the Antarctic), and the Prince of Wales, were read. Madame Curie was present.—Reuter's American Service.

MR. FESSENDEN BACK.**RESULT OF AMERICAN INTERVIEWS NOT KNOWN.**

Shanghai, Oct. 22. Mr. Stirling Fessenden, the Director General of the Shanghai Municipal Council, has returned to Shanghai aboard the President Pierce, after four months' holiday in the United States, during which he interviewed President Hoover, Mr. Stimson and other high officials in the Government.

The result of these interviews is not divulged.—Reuter. [It will be recalled that one of the topics Mr. Fessenden is said to have discussed at Washington was extraterritoriality, it being stated that he did not favour abolition.]

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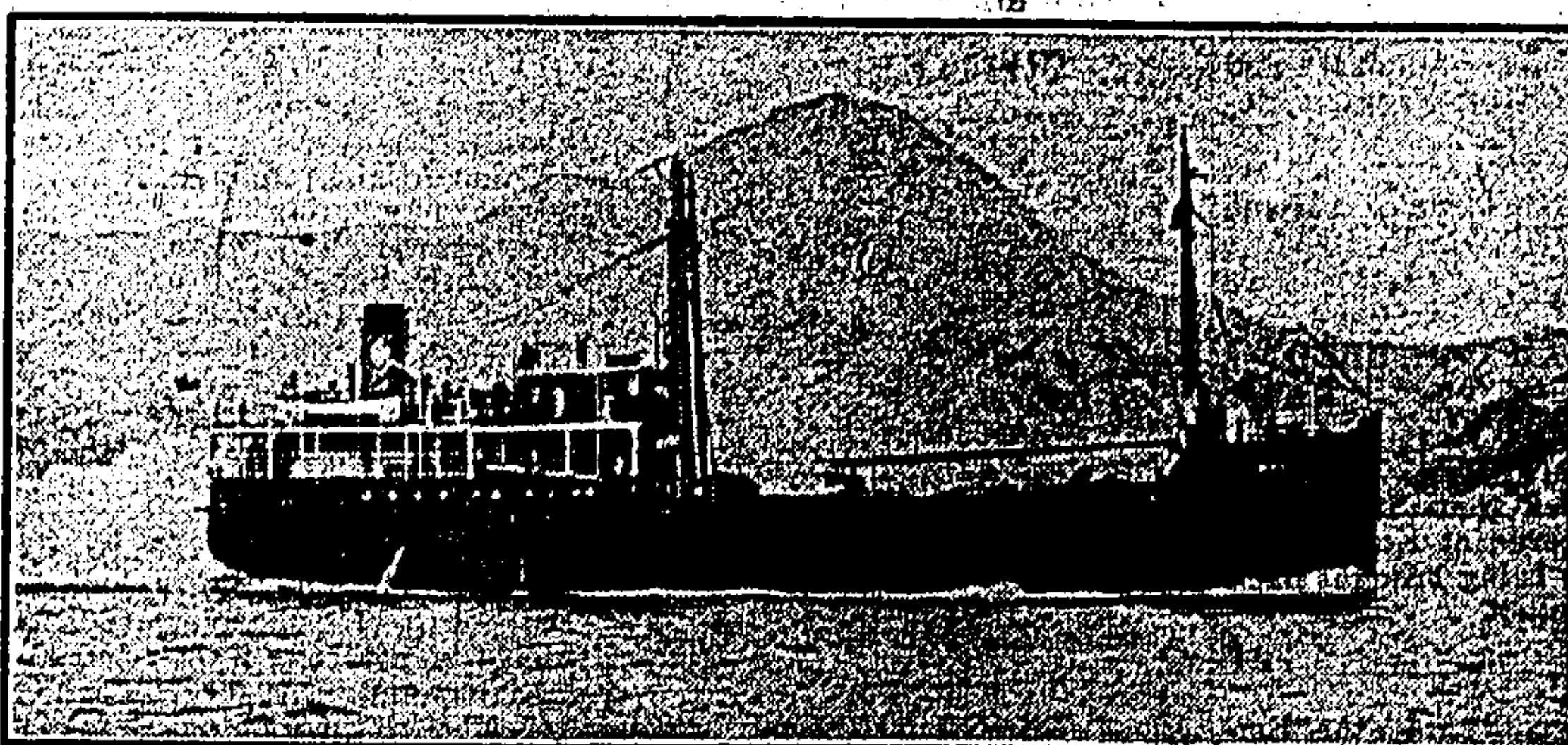
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R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.**CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.****SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.**

The Steamship,

"PORTHOS"

Arrived Hongkong on Tuesday, 22nd October, 1929.
From MARSEILLES, &c.

Consignees of Cargo by the above named steamer are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery can be obtained as the goods are landed.

Goods not cleared within 10 days including date of arrival, will be subject to rent.

All claims must be sent to the undersigned before the Thursday the 31st October, 1929, or they will not be recognised.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the consignees, and the Company's Surveyor Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10.00 a.m. on Monday the 28th October, 1929.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

No fire insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

L. LESDOS,

Agent.

Hongkong, 22nd October, 1929.

N. Y. K. LINE.

(NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"MATSUMOTO MARU,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 26th October, 1929, will be subject to rent. Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co's representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

No fire insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

Hongkong, 19th October, 1929.

N. Y. K. LINE.

(NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"DAKAR MARU,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 27th October, 1929, will be subject to rent. Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co's representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

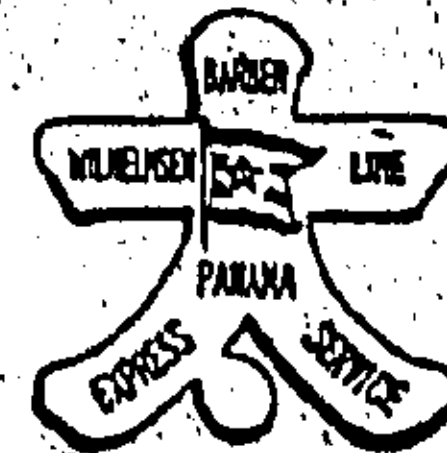
No fire insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

Hongkong, 20th October, 1929.

LETTER GOLF SOLUTION.

Here is the solution to the puzzle on another page.
HEAD, HERD, HARD, WARD, WORD, WORK.

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S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
*KALYAN	9,144	26 Oct. noon	M's, L'don, Hull, R'dm & A'werp
*NAGPORE	5,283	2nd Nov.	M's, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm, & A'werp
*MACEDONIA	11,120	9th Nov.	Bombay, M's & London
*KIDDERPORE	5,334	19th Nov.	Straits, Colombo & B'way
*KASHGAR	9,005	23rd Nov.	Marseilles, L'don Hull Rotterdam & Antwerp

*Cargo only. *Calls Casa Blanca.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers & Cargo to Constantinople, Pyrene, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of the Khedivial Mail S.S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

TALAMBA	8,018	26th Oct.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
*TAKADA	6,949	6th Nov.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
SHIRALA	7,841	16th Nov.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALMA	10,000	22nd Nov.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKLIWA	7,936	13th Dec.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	17th Dec.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

*Calls Rangoon.
B. I. Apar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

NELLORE	6,853	1st Nov.	Manila, Sandakan, Thurs
*TANDA	6,956	29th Nov.	Island, Townsville, B'bane
ST. ALBANS	1,930	3rd June	Sydney and Melbourne.

*Calls Port Holland.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hongkong to Japan and Hongkong to Australia.

The P. & O. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Kobe, Cebu, Kolumbuga, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as independent offices.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers to Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

KASHGAR	9,005	25 Oct. 10 a.m.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yok.
*BELTANA	—	26 Oct. 6 a.m.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yok.
SHIRALA	7,841	29th Oct. Daylight	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
TALMA	60,000	31st Oct.	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
TANDA	6,956	5th Nov.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yok.
RAWALPINDI	16,619	9th Nov.	S'hai, Kobe & Yok.

*Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

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Steamship "GLENIFFER"	25th Dec.
Steamship "GLENSHANE"	5th Feb.

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Steamship "GLENIFFER"	8th Nov.
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Steamship "GLENSHANE"	23rd Dec.

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FAMOUS WRITER'S DEATH.

SIR VALENTINE CHIROL
PASSES AWAY.

FAR EAST STUDENT.

London, Oct. 22.
The death is announced of Sir Valentine Chirol, the well-known traveller and journalist, who has written extensively on Far Eastern affairs.—*Reuter*.

The late Sir Valentine Chirol was associated during the greater part of his career with the London Times. He was the son of the Rev. Alex. Chirol and was born in 1852. Educated chiefly in Germany and France, where he took the degree of Bachelor of Letters, he was in Paris in 1871 when the triumphant German Army marched in. It was a fruitful initiation for a man who was to devote his life to observing and recording events. All the horrors of the Commune, the burning of the Tuilleries and other stirring episodes of that period occurred around him.

Returning to England in 1872, for four years he endured the uneventful routine of a clerkship in the Foreign Office. Then for years he roamed about the world, visiting all parts of Europe, the British Empire, Persia, the Far East and the United States, during which period he wrote his impressions of history in the making for the newspaper with which he had allied himself.

These and also more personal matters are recorded in his books "Twist Greek and Turk," "The Far Eastern Question," "The Middle Eastern Question," "The Indian Unrest," "The Egyptian Problem," "India Old and New," and "Fifty Years in a Changing World." This last volume was published early in 1928 and recounts many of his early experiences with deductions which subsequent events have led him to draw from them. There were few eminent persons in the realm of contemporary world-history whom he had not met.

In 1899 he accepted the post of director of the foreign department of the Times in succession to Sir D. Mackenzie Wallace. In 1912 he retired and in the same year he received a knighthood.

ATTEMPT TO STEAL LEATHER.

MAN CAUGHT AFTER A CHASE.

An almost successful attempt to steal a roll of leather from a shop in Shamsui was made by a Chinese who was charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning with larceny.

It was stated by Sub-Inspector Hoare that the defendant went into the shop, which made leather bags, and asked the price of a purse. Whilst the foki had his attention directed elsewhere, the defendant took a roll of leather from the counter and put it underneath the counter with one end protruding into the street.

The defendant then intimated that he would return for the purse at a later date and left the shop. When outside he secretly extracted the roll of leather from under the counter but was seen by a hawk near by. The alarm was raised while the hawk chased the defendant, who, on being caught, put up a struggle.

On the arrival on the scene of an Indian Inspector, the defendant was placed under arrest. Defendant was sentenced to one month's hard labour.

YANGTZE COMMAND.

REAR-ADMIRAL McLEAN
TAKES OVER.

Shanghai, Oct. 22.
Rear-Admiral McLean assumed the duties of Rear-Admiral and Senior Naval Officer, Yangtze, to-day.

Rear-Admiral Tweedie embarked aboard the a.s. Kalgan for Home to-day.—*Naval Wireless*.

HABIBULLAH CAPTURED?

Allahabad, Oct. 22.
It is reported that Habibullah has been captured at Kohistan, and that he is being brought back to Kabul.—*Reuter*.

A robbery on board the Empress of Asia, has been reported to the police by Mr. W. H. Inglis, sixth engineer of the boat, who states that between 4 and 8 a.m. yesterday he discovered that someone had stolen, from a drawer in his cabin, a camera, a cash box, a certificate, personal papers and a bank pass book, the total value of which was \$93. He suspects his own room boy, who left the ship after arrival in Hongkong.

U.S. "INVASION" OF HONGKONG.

GOODWILL SHIP DUE TO-MORROW

BUSINESS FOLK & SOCIETY LEADERS IN PARTY.

OVER 300 ABOARD.

Hongkong will to-morrow be invaded by over 300 American business men and women and Society leaders who are making a goodwill tour of the Far East, under the auspices of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, aboard the Matson Line's giant flagship *Malalo*. The party is due here to-morrow and will remain until Saturday morning. During the stay, there will be the usual sight-seeing programmes.

To spread the fame of San Francisco; to renew old acquaintances and make new friends, and to cement closer the already cordial relations existing between San Francisco and the countries of the Pacific.

Those are objects of the voyage, according to Mr. Charles C. Moore, one of San Francisco's best-known citizens and the man who headed the Panama Pacific International Exposition. Another grant monumental work of goodwill, in 1915.

Not a Pleasure Tour.

"It's not exactly a pleasure tour to entertain members of the party," Mr. Moore said just before sailing. "It is a plan to entertain residents of the countries we will visit, and to spread the fame of the city by the Golden Gate in far-away lands."

The cruise party will return to San Francisco December 20 after visiting 18 ports in 14 countries and witnessing some of the most colourful historical scenes in the Far East and Australia.

The *Malalo* comes here from Japan and North China and will visit the Philippine Islands.

WOOLLEN INDUSTRY STRIKE.

Key Members of Mill Staffs Prepared.

OPPOSE WAGE CUT.

London, Oct. 22.

The first step towards the threatened stoppage in the wool textile industry, as the result of the workers' rejection of the proposed wage cut, has been taken by the Executive Committee of the Managers and Overlookers Society, of Bradford, which is instructing its members (who hold the key positions in the mills in which they are employed) to cease work during the week ending November 9th.—*Reuter*.

French Indo-China, Siam, Straits Settlements, Java, Australia, New Zealand, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, and Hawaiian Islands.

Million Dollar Tour.

Passage money paid by the 325 tourists will run close to seven figures, to say nothing of the expense of operating the ship with its crew of 641.

One passenger paid \$22,500 for a double suite. One paid \$19,000, and another passenger paid \$17,000 for the exclusive company of one of the de luxe suites. Prices range down to \$1,500 for a single passenger with another in the same room, and a minimum of \$1,200 for one alone in a room.

Many Leaders.

Leaders in all lines of business in the bay district are among the passengers.

With them are leaders from almost a score of states, social favourites and debutantes, representatives of medical, engineering, literary church and fraternal groups.

Mr. Charles C. Moore, chairman of the cruise committee, is himself a leader in many lines of endeavour in the bay district, an outstanding figure in the intellectual life of the area, a national vice president of the Boy Scouts of America and the English Speaking Union.

Prominent Names.

Among the prominent passengers from without California are Warren E. Brown, Wichita financier, and family; J. B. Fishburn, financier of Roanoke, Va.; R. W. Higgle, New York capitalist, and wife; Charles H. Hyde, Tacoma grocery prince; C. C. Jantzen of Portland, the man who made bathing suits famous, and family; A. Jordahl, New York captain of industry; Mrs. Ida

RUBBER CONTROL PROPOSALS.

MOST PRODUCERS AGREE TO CREATE RESERVE.

DIFFICULTY ARISES.

Amsterdam, Oct. 22.

The scheme for rubber control next year was thoroughly discussed to-day at a meeting of the Committee of the Rubber Producers' Association.

Mr. Sanders, the chairman, said it was anticipated that many rubber enterprises would be unable to declare a dividend, and it was, therefore, desirable that international co-operation should be secured.

He said that the scheme for a central selling organisation would exist for a year only, as an experiment. The Committee was only just beginning its task, he said, adding that it was quite erroneous to suggest that the proposals were inspired by an unfriendly spirit towards American manufacturers.

Mr. Sanders emphasised that co-operation between producers and consumers was the only possible basis of equality. After a general discussion, the Dutch rubber producers, by a large majority, declared their readiness to accept, in principle, the Committee's proposals for the creation of a 45,000 tons reserve, to be controlled by a central selling organisation.

It transpires that the majority at the meeting of the rubber producers represented only 30,000 tons out of a total Dutch production of 65,000 tons.

All the members present represented a productive capacity of approximately 41,755 tons.

The committee intends to try to secure additional support.—*Reuter*.

ANOTHER RAID ON SQUATTERS.

THREE ARRESTS MADE AT WONGNEICHONG.

Another of the periodical raids carried out by officials of the Public Works Department on squatters' settlements at Wongneichong Valley occurred yesterday. Just below the Tytam Road, a small hamlet had been established with all the squalor attendant on a native village. Within a few minutes after the raid, the huts were dismantled, and the occupants, a man and two women, were taken into custody, being charged before Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning with trespassing on Crown land.

A P.W.D. bailiff informed the Court that all the defendants had been warned at one time or other, but had proved themselves to be persistent squatters. Of the male defendant, witness said that he was seen smoking opium on all the occasions that they visited him. Defendants were fined \$10, or 14 days.

A man and five women from a squatters' settlement that had been formed below the ridge of the hill behind Taihang village, Causeway Bay, were also charged with trespassing. After a statement had been heard of the objections which the P.W.D. took against the site, the defendants were each mulcted in a fine of \$5, or eight days.

Convicted of a charge of being in unlawful possession of four sacks without being able to give a reasonable explanation, a Chinese was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The defendant had two previous convictions for larceny, one being in April last when he received a sentence of three months' hard labour.

McQuesten, member of the Washington state legislature, club and fraternal leader; John C. Robinson, Springfield, Mass., capitalist; Mayor Oscar Robinson of Colusa, Calif.; John R. Russell, Detroit engineering expert; James W. Colfroth, San Diego, sportsman; C. E. Schaff, railroad director and family; Arthur S. Somers, New York capitalist, and many others.

More than 100,000 meals will be served to passengers and more than that number to the crew during the tour.

The requisition covers some several hundred odd items, including rare fowl, delicacies, 100,000 pounds of potatoes, 35,000 pounds of poultry and game, 30,000 pounds of beef with more to be taken aboard in Australia, 25,000 pounds of sugar, 10,000 pounds of fresh butter, 10,000 pounds of onions, 4,000 pounds of cabbage, 15,000 dozen eggs, 12,000 pounds of tomatoes and there's no end to the staggering figures in the books.

The poultry list includes a wide variety of rare fowl to be picked up in the Orient. One of the most expensive items is 250 pounds of caviar, costing in excess of \$1 a pound.



RENEE ADOREE
CONRAD NAGEL
Michigan
Kid
REX BEACH

STRAIGHT
THROUGH
THE
ROARING
RIVER OF
FIRE

and into the valley of death! They were trapped in a frail canoe between narrow walls of fire from which only a miracle could save them, yet—but you must see this tremendous drama of the North Country to get the big thrill!

AT THE

QUEEN'S

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

BOHEMIAN LOVE

Adapted from the famous French Novel



"LA
FEMME
NU"

AT THE

WORLD

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

Continuous Performance
From 1.15 to 11.15

Somerset Maugham's Startling Drama.



GLORIA
SWANSON
SADIE
THOMPSON

With
LIONEL BARRYMORE

All the world against her except one man—and his faith never wavered.
The vivid story of a Frisco out-cast girl in the South Seas.
Produced by Raoul Walsh who made "What Price Glory?"

UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

AT THE

STAR

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

At 5.30 & 9.20.